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THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 8, 1895.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

Senator Ben Tillman, of South Carolina, is to speak on silver at Concord, August 13th

The seed division of the U. S. Agricultural department is abolished, to take effect October 1st.

The total valuation of North Carolina railroad property is placed at $24,500,000—steamboat aggregate, $293,000.

At the Pasteur institute in Paris 1,387 persons were treated during 1894, seven of whom died. This is 261 less than in 1893. Two hundred and twenty-six of the patients were foreigners, 128 coming from England, only one from Russia.

Not only have the free silverites carried every county in Mississippi that has acted for Representative McLaurin, the free silver candidate for Governor, has also carried every county. It begins to look as if he will whitewash his opponent.

Ex-Governor St. John, of Kansas, and Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, are to discuss the dispensary system at Asbury Park, N. J., to-day. The former is for prohibition, while the latter regards the dispensary as the only rational solution of the troublesome whisky question.

Comte de Clerico de Saint Germain, of France, has written a letter to one of the St. Petersburg journals proposing a lottery with himself as a prize. There are to be 1,000,000 chances, each ticket to cost 50 cents. Any young woman who wishes to pay that amount in the hope of becoming a countess is entitled to one chance.

The Coney Island Jockey club announces that the value of the futurity to be run at Sheepshead Bay on Saturday, August 24th, will be $67,850. Among the probable contenders for this stake are Handspring, Hastings, Applegate, Crescendo, Formal, Damsel, Axtus, Bean Ideal 11, Nimrod, Reuital, Bonaparte, Wishard, Merry Prince, Jefferson, Refugee, Hazlet, Sonata and The Native.

Gov. Culberson in a letter to the Hon John Bookhout, of Dallas, comes out for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1. The free silverites of Dallas county will hold a convention on the 29th, and the Governor's letter is for their benefit. He says whatever may be the result of the question, next year he proposes to support the Democratic ticket, State and National. He pays his respects to President Cleveland rather tartly.

The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st, 1894: Galveston, 1,656,425; New Orleans, 2,577,939; Mobile, 350,794; Savannah, 941,576; Charleston, 427,612; Wilmington, 234,505; Norfolk, 470,052; Baltimore, 118,248; New York, 187,-87; Boston, 334,800; Newport News, 33,630; Philadelphia, 126,736; West Point, 286,184 Brunswick, 103,344; Velasco, 592; Port Royal, 19,570. Total, 7,068,754.

Electrical lines in Europe have increased in number during 1894 from 43 to 70, their length from 26 to 700 kilometres, the power at the central stations from 10,650 to 18,150 kilowatts, and the number of self-moving vehicles from 538 to 1,236. Germany leads in length of lines with 266 kilometres, then come France with 96, England 69, Austria Hungary 45, Switzerland 37, Belgium 22, Italy 19, Spain 18. The trolley system is the favorite, being used by 35 out of 70 lines.

The sardine industry in the United States is largely confined to the eastern coast of Maine. There are in all about sixty factories, employing about 9,000 persons, the yearly product amounting to nearly 625,000 cases. The fish used is a small herring, from which the head is removed; cotton seed oil is used, and the tin boxes are made at an establishment in Eastport. The process used in this country is quite similar to that made use of by the French, and nearly all the domestic sardines are packed in boxes bearing French labels.

Bradstreet's of last week says: The week presents a larger volume of trade in many lines and at many points than in the week before and one year ago. At the South general trade remains of a moderate volume as previously noted, Nashville and Galveston reporting material gains. There is a better outlook and feeling at Charleston, but elsewhere midsummer quiet rules. All the mills are busy at Augusta. Delay in paying the sugar bounty affects trade very unfavorably in Louisiana. At large Eastern centres there are no changes except a better demand in leading staples at Baltimore, New York and Boston, and an improving interior demand for Fall goods. There are 221 failures in business reported to Bradstreet this week, as compared with 220 throughout the United States last week, 220 in the week one year ago, and 204 in the corresponding week of 1893. In the whole week of 1892 the total was only 155.

The Manufacturers' Record, in reviewing the industrial progress of the South for the past week, reports much activity in the organization of railroad undertakings Among the projected roads reported for the week are a company to build a long electric road in Florida, a company organized to build about 100 miles of road in North and South Carolina, a company organized to build 75 miles in Alabama, a 20-mile lumber road in North Carolina, and a 30-mile road in Georgia, making an aggregate of over 500 miles of railway reported during the week, with indications that most of these enterprises will begin active construction in the near future. Cotton mill enterprises continue to attract great attention, and among the companies reported for the week were a $100,000 cotton seed oil company in Arkansas; a 5,000 spindle mill at Charlotte, N. C.; a $100,000 company at Hillsboro, N. C.; a $100,000 company at Edgefield, S. C., and a mill in Georgia. An active demand from the North is reported for Southern made furniture. One concern in North Carolina reports that it is shipping its entire product to the New England and Middle States, its annual sales aggregating over $50,000 a year, orders in one day during the week having aggregated thirteen car loads of furniture for shipment to New England.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

The condition of the negro colonists returning from Mexico is more deplorable than at first supposed. ——Sixteen persons were killed and many houses destroyed at Socorro, N. M., by a cloudburst. ——Twenty-seven places in Japan are infected with cholera; up to July 17th there were 7,305 cases, resulting in 4,376 deaths. ——During July the public debt, less cash in the treasury, increased $38,435,937. ——A young man, killed on a railroad near Glasgow, Scotland, just before dying said he was Dana Davenport, of Washington, D. C.; the description given by the Glasgow police tallies with that of young Davenport, who disappeared in Baltimore on July 5th. ——The Liberty bell will leave Philadelphia on September 11th and arrive at Atlanta on the 15th. ——In Madison county ten prisoners are in jail for trial for murder. ——The heirs of the late Mrs. Mary Smith Morehead lay claim to 8,000 acres of land in Illinois, valued at $250,000. ——A cloudburst plays havoc through a defile in the mountains of Wyoming; the wall of water was forty feet high and thirty rods wide; many persons were drowned. ——A hypnotist asks permission to try to get a confession from Quinlan, Holmes' associate, but Chief Badenoch declines to make use of his power. ——A negro editor of Lexington, Ky., makes a violent attack in his paper on Editor Gratz, of the Gazette; the latter is 70 years old and is awaiting the arrival of a son-in-law and two sons to attend to the matter. ——Holmes, the insurance swindler, makes another statement, setting forth his innocence of the many murders charged to him; he says he is worth $200,000. ——The Prohibitionists of Maryland have nominated a State ticket with Joshua Levering, of Baltimore, for Governor. ——A correspondent returning from the seat of the Indian trouble in the Jackson Hole country reports everything quiet so far as actual hostilities are concerned. ——The New York grand jury which has been investigating the escape of the postoffice robbers Allen, Russell and Killoran, handed in indictments against Sheriff Tamsen, ex-warden Raabe, of Ludlow street jail, ex-keepers Schoen and Schneer. ——Fire that started in the lumber yards in the northern part of Menomines, Mich., caused a loss of about $500,000. It burned over thirty acres of ground. ——The Official Gazette, of Havana, contains an order prohibiting the publication of war news prior to its confirmation by the Government authorities. ——The Synodical convention of the Associate Reformed Presbyterian church of the South will meet in Statesville August 15th and remain in session three days. —— Among the passengers of the steamship Colombia, which arrived in New York from Colon last week were the Rev. Dr. Nobis, the Rev. Dr. Keller, the Rev. Dr. Tip, Mother Ciceri, Mother King, Sister Eduarda, Sister Beatrice and Sister Agatha. They went from the United States to Ecuador as missionaries, and settled in the interior in the diocese of Archbishop Schumaker. The natives by continual persecution drove them from the country. ——France's great military port at Bizerta, on the Tunis coast, has been formally declared open. By connecting the great lagoon with the sea by an artificial channel a harbor has been obtained large enough to hold the whole French fleet and as safe as if it were an artificial basin in the centre of France. ——Part of the embankment of the Lake of Geneva, near the village of Montreux, gave way last week, leaving a gap 100 metres long and twenty metres deep. The pecuniary damage is enormous. Nobody was hurt. —— Neill, a noted cotton dealer of New Orleans, figures on 10 per cent. less acreage and a crop of 8,000,000 to 9,000,000 bales of cotton. —— The Monroe cotton mills were sold at public auction last week, as advertised. The purchaser was Mr. O. P. Heath, of Norfolk, Va. The price paid was $62,300. ——The London Standard announces the failure of Messrs. Fratelli Bingen, conducting one of the largest and oldest banks in Genoa. Their liabilities are very large. ——Judge Gildersleeve, in the Superior Court of New York, signed a decree granting Mrs. Ollie Corbett an absolute divorce from her husband, pugilist James J. Corbett. ——The backbone of the tailors' strike in New York is broken. A majority of the contractors in the city have signed the new agreement, and about 7,000 strikers are thus enabled to resume work. ——A dispatch from Paderborn, Westphalia, says that lightning struck a company of soldiers at drill in the district of Die Senney and most of the men were prostrated. Eight of them are in a dying condition. ——In the Ohio Populist Convention but two names were presented for nomination for Covernor—Ed. Stark, of Cleveland, and J. S. Coxey, of Canton. Coxey was nominated, the vote standing 520 for Coxey to 74 for Stark. ——Miss Elizabeth Flagler, daughter of Brig. Gen. Daniel W. Flagler, chief of ordnance, U. S. A., shot and killed a colored youth named Ernest Green, whom she detected stealing fruit at the suburban residence of her father in Washington, and was discharged by the coroner on the ground that the homicide was unintentional. ——It is reported that the Khedive of Egypt, who arrived at Constantinopie on July 18th, brought to the Sultan a present of £500,000, with a view of enlisting more active sympathy on the part of the latter in the Egyptian question. ——The crusier Columbia makes the westward trip across the Atlantic in 6 days, 23 hours and 49 minutes, averaging 18.41 knots per hour under natural draught. —— The Bannock Indians are returning to their reservation; there has been no fighting. —— Over $2,000,000 in gold was withdrawn from the treasury on Friday for shipment to Europe and Canada. ——The Navy Department gives notice of logs from a raft afloat near Hampton Roads which form dangerous obstructions to navigation. ——The Monterey makes 200 to 220 miles a day on consumption of only twenty-two tons of coal. ——In a railroad collision near Canton, Ohio, four tramps riding in a furniture car were killed. —— Rev. Dr. Townsend, the celebrated Methodist minister of Baltimore, will leave the ministry for literary work. ——The committee of the State Board of Agriculture discusses, but does not pass upon, the proposition to loan the articles in the State museum to the Federal Government for exhibit at Atlanta. ——Hal. Ayer, secretary of the Populist State convention, says nobody knows whether there will be fusion or not; that the so-called leaders cannot control the Populists in such matters, all such questions being left to county committees. ——The Waldenson settlement in Burke county will in all probability be broken up this fall.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONTENTION ADMITTED BY A GOLDBUG.

That populist-goldbug organ, the Atlanta Journal, the sub-treasury-inflationist-goldbug Hoke Smith's paper, says:

(1.) "Nobody will deny that if our mints were open to the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, every ounce of silver presented at the mints would be converted into silver coin to the amount of $1.29.

(2.) "All the silver in the world would be worth $1.29 an ounce in our silver coin, less the cost of transporting it to our mints.

(3.) "This is admitted, of course. But what would be the value of our silver coin?

(4.) "Silver is now worth nearly $1.29 an ounce in Mexico and to make it worth that much here by free coinage would be merely to put our silver dollar on a par with the Mexican dollar which is now worth only about half as much as ours.

(5) "We now measure the price of silver bullion in gold and it is worth 66¾ cents an ounce. Opening our mints to its free coinage would probably increase the commercial value of silver, but the idea that it would increase it to $1.29 an ounce except in depreciated silver coin is preposterous. It may as well be said that the free coinage of silver would increase the price of cotton from 6¼ to 13 cents. Suppose it did. The cotton crop would not be worth one cent more than it is at 6¼ cents when silver is on a parity with gold."

We have prefixed the numerals (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) to the paragraphs for convenience of reference.

No. 1 admits that, under free coinage (meaning free and unlimited coinage) at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, every ounce of silver bullion would become "silver coin to the amount of $1.29"—$1.29 being the value of an ounce of silver before demonetization in 1873.

No. 2 admits the same as No. 1 in a more specific way.

No. 3 enquires what would be the *value* of such silver coin.

No. 4 asserts that its value would be only what it is worth to-day, that is, par with Mexican dollars—that is, 52 cent dollars.

No 5 admits that the assertion made in No. 4 is untrue, and that, on the contrary, such free coinage by the United States alone "would probably increase the *commercial value* of silver"!

That is all the democrats contend for—viz: that free coinage by the United States alone would increase the commercial value of silver, and thereby do that much, whatever it might be, towards restoring the parity of gold and silver at the legal ratio. The populists and sub-treasury people—among whom Mr. Hoke Smith was a shining light before the Great Hypnotizer blinded him with a "new (and brighter) light"—say that they will rest there, whether the effect be to restore the commercial value to complete parity or not. In this they are at one with Mr. Cleveland, Mr. Sherman and the republicans, who profess to believe that the Federal government has the right not only to "regulate", but to create, value in silver as well as in paper. The democrats say that *they* will not rest there, but that, if, after a reasonable time has been allowed the other nations to follow our example, they refuse to do so, then they will be willing to change the ratio to whatever the action of the United States has left it at. On the other hand, the Administration, speaking through its populist-goldbug organ in Atlanta, seeks to convince the people that it would be honest for this government to remain passive until the other nations move; notwithstanding that debt payers (including the government which owes the bonds) would be meanwhile cheated out of the amount by which, according to its own confession, the commercial value of silver would be increased if this government should act independently (as required by the Constitution to do)!

If our friends will only take the trouble to run out to its logical conclusion anything that the Cleveland Ransom populist party may say on this subject, they will find that only the democratic doctrine will stand the test of common sense or reason.

A Misfit Illustration.

Atlanta Journal.

Senator Bacon's silver letter has not added to his fame as a statesman. The new York Sun makes the following apt comment on the Senator's coinage plan:

"Senator Augustus O. Bacon, of Georgia, in a recently published letter, delivers himself thus on the silver question:

"'Men may theorize and discuss until the crack of doom upon the question of the true ratio between the two metals, and at last the only solution must be found in practical experiment; and that practical experiment can only be satisfactorily made by coining the two metals upon terms of exact and perfect equality.'

"It was Mark Twain, we believe, who insisted on a 'practical experiment' to prove whether or not two railroad locomotives could pass one another on the same track. The result satisfied him that the thing could not be done. So Senator Bacon would like to risk the entire smash-up of our monetary system for the sake of satisfying himself as to the effect of coining both silver and gold 'upon terms of exact and perfect equality.'"

[A better illustration of the nature of Senator Bacon's proposition is this: A patient is apparently about to die from the effects of a dose of the wrong medicine administered by Doctor John Sherman. Dr. Bacon says "give him the antidote." "No," says Dr. Hoke Smith-Cleveland, "the antidote might kill him: let him die from the original poison."]

The Present Overburdened Hypnotizer.

New York Sun.

There is not much force in the objections to being President which are thus presented by the Hon. John Griffin Carlisle:

"I have seen too much of the hard work attaching to it. The responsibility is tremendous, and the work multiplies and becomes more exacting every year. A man must have an iron constitution to stand it."

If Mr. Carlisle were President, perhaps he would not try to be and do everything himself. He would trust his Cabinet, and he would have competent lieutenants. An unconsecrated President has a very fair job.

The Progress of Imperialism.

Says the Atlanta Constitution:

"The Manufacturer, the organ of the Manufacturers' Club, of Philadelphia, summarizes the situation very clearly in the following:

"'The indications now are that the government of the United States will soon need reinforcement of its revenues which cannot be obtained from lawful sources without new legislation. The further plain indications are that Mr. Cleveland will not, for this purpose, summon congress in extra session, but will proceed to impose additional debt upon the nation. He has no better right to borrow money for current expenses than he has to declare war against Great Britain. Either proceeding is wholly without warrant in law. He does possess somewhat questionable authority to issue bonds for the purpose of obtaining gold with which to redeem greenbacks; but, as under cover of this authority he has twice borrowed money to meet ordinary obligations, he will probably not hesitate to do so again. A more dangerous usurpation of the functions of congress can hardly be imagined, and, if the republicans in congress should do their duty, they would impeach him for so grave a trespass upon the jurisdiction of the national legislature. He will take care, of course, that he has the old pretext. Gold has already begun to go abroad. Soon it will begin to leave the treasury. The newspapers which are the instruments of the gold ring will commence again the work of disturbing the public mind. Then the boards of trade and chambers of commerce will be invited to back the proposed bond issues with resolutions, and then the foreigners who are holding up the treasury will take further heavy toll of the American people. The patience with which the nation regards the imbecility that cuts off the revenues and the lawlessness that supplies the deficiency with unauthorized loans is simply astonishing. If the stupidest and most reckless statesmanship could do worse than this its method of procedure can hardly be imagined.'

"Undoubtedly, Mr. Cleveland has usurped the functions of congress in this matter of borrowing money to pay current expenses, but the stupidity and recklessness of his financial policy are equaled by the patient cowardice of the people who quietly submit to this robbery.

"Of course our gold will go out. Of course the syndicates will raid the treasury again. Then more bonds will be issued and there will be more secret deals with foreign shylocks, and some of Mr. Cleveland's friends or old law partners who take part in the negotiations will pocket big fees.

"If the president's financial usurpations are not impeachable, then the impeachment clause in our constitution means nothing."

There is no likelihood of the President's impeachment so long as the Republicans control the House of Representatives. That party has never had a representative in the White House more thoroughly agreeable to it. He refused to sign the Democratic tariff bill. He vetoed the Democratic seigniorage bill. He has repudiated the Democratic financial platform.

He will unfortunately escape impeachment, but the democracy can reach him in the national convention next year.

Democrats Awakening to the Third Term Danger.

New York Sun.]

Bear in mind this important distinction: When we speak of danger in the third term, we do not mean danger of a third term. There is no danger that Grover Cleveland or his fool friends will succeed, next year or any year, in knocking out the Washingtonian principle. The only danger is that they may knock out the Democratic party by committing it, or part of it, to the selfish and suicidal enterprise.

Therefore, when Democratic newspapers like our esteemed friend in Albany bem and haw over the third term question, and say they really can't announce at present what might be their course in case the President should attempt to run again, they are giving aid and comfort to the Mugwumps and Cuckoos to the incalculable damage of Democracy.

On the other hand, square and sterling Democracy is beginning to speak in utterances like this from the Buffalo Times:

"We have a great admiration for Mr. Cleveland as a public officer, and it is in no disparaging spirit that we quote Democracy and American institutions as diametrically opposed to a third term.

"At the same time it is well to bear in mind that the Lord helps them who help themselves. If the Democratic party and press make it plain that all talk of 'compelling contingencies' and 'logical situations' is Mugwumppian fudge, we suspect that Mr. Cleveland will help his party out with an unequivocal negative sooner than if we wait in silence.

"Very likely he is keeping silence just to test the Democracy. In that case the Democracy should not disappoint him."

And this from the Richmond dispatch:

"For all this, there is no third term in store for Mr. Cleveland, and we may add that he desires none. We have seen nothing in his course which would justify the charge that he aspires to a third term. That point was passed for all good Americans when Grant was defeated of nomination for a third term."

Or this from the Commercial Appeal of Memphis:

"If Mr. Cleveland has the common sense and perspicacity attributed to him by his friends, he will hold aloof from the scramble for a third term; he will not think of allowing his name to go before the Convention. It is well settled that the people are opposed to such continuation in this particular office. Grant learned something of this."

It makes no difference whether such sentiments as these are accompanied by expressions of admiration for Mr. Cleveland or of disbelief in his ambition to secure for himself a third term. The main thing, the only thing now, is to have it universally understood that the American President who engages directly in third term intrigues dooms himself, whoever he may be, to everlasting dishonor and disgrace; and that the party which lends itself in any way to the schemes of third termers writes its own death sentence.

Leave Mr. Cleveland's name out altogether, if you please, as the patriotic Democrats and Republicans of the Forty-fourth Coagress left out Grant's name, twenty years ago next December!

The Silver Question.

Senator Vest:]

This country, situated between the gold countries of Europe and the silver countries of the East, has now great opportunities of becoming the commercial and financial mistress of the world, by maintaining both gold and silver as standard money, we can trade with all countries in the money they may choose as a medium of exchange. With silver demonetized, and gold as a single standard, we are the financial servants of England.

Populist-Goldbug Smith.

Wilmington Messenger.

The position of Mr. Smith is untenable, and because it is the old position of the routed Republicans, the betrayers of the people. Says the Atlanta Constitution:

"If the position taken by Secretary Smith is correct, then the Democratic party has been wrong all along, the Republican party has been right, and we obtained the last national victory under false pretenses. He entirely vindicates John Sherman and puts the stamp of condemnation on every Democratic Congress that has met since 1873, in every one of which three-fourths or more of the Democratic representatives voted in favor of undoing the infamy of 1873. Mr. Smith condemns every Democratic campaign orator who for the past twenty years has taken the stump in Georgia for free coinage."

We apprehend that the Secretary is playing the demagogue. He is not perhaps as ignorant as he seems. He is forgetful of all he has learned, and he has not yet learned his new speech. We make one more quotation from the Constitution:

"Secretary Carlisle said in 1878 that the demonetization act in 1873 was the greatest crime of the age, and that if silver was not restored to its full function as a standard money metal the result would be more terrible in its consequences than all the wars, pestilences and famines from which this country has ever suffered. Secretary Smith meets Secretary Carlisle and goes him one better. He announces, virtually, that if Mr. Cleveland's policy is interfered with the commercial earth will cease to revolve upon its axis, and that the hobgoblins of panic and depression will revel in the shattered fabric of the people's prosperity."

No intelligent mind can repose confidence in a political acrobat and trickster. Hoke may flop again before three years end and talk as glibly and earnestly for bimetalism as he bellows now for a gold standard only. The Constitution says it took less than twelve days for the conversion of the Secretary. Gresham was a silver man out and out and was the choice of the Populists. He changed his heart also. Carlisle made a great speech for silver and voted for fifteen years for it. He too suffered from a change of heart. And Hoke got in the procession, and although a Populist in truth, being for the Ocala platform to a great extent, his heart got on the other side. Cleveland set the example and the three Secretaries jumped the same gap in the Democratic fence.

[There is really not any change. The Clevelandites and Ransomites are mere machine men, who have no principles. They simply stand to win, and are ready for a deal with the republican or the populist machine, at any time—*a la* Croker and Platt in New York.]

The New Murchison.

Wilmington Review, July 30.

The new steamer D. Murchison arrived here to-day from Fayetteville, where she has been almost entirely rebuilt, the only parts of her that pertain to the old craft being the hull and the boiler. She was burned, it will be remembered, last Summer while en route from Carolina Beach to this port.

Disclaiming any intention of making any invidious comparisons we can safely say that the new boat is the handsomest and most commodious of her class ever seen on the Cape Fear. She was built all together at Fayetteville. She is 120 feet long, over all, 20 feet beam and 11 feet 2 in. from the main deck to the upper deck, which is in itself a pleasing innovation here. She is a stern-wheel boat, with a non-condensing engine, 14 inches in diameter, with a four-foot stroke. The boiler is of steel. She has accommodations for 36 passengers and can carry 350 bales of cotton, or 800 barrels of rosin, or 600 casks of spirits. The upper works are divided into passenger accommodations and are nicely and comfortably furnished, with all of the conveniences known to the traffic here.

The Murchison will go back to where she left off. That is, she will have the same commander as of old, Capt. Sandy Robeson, the same mate, Mr. A. H. Williams, and the same engineer, Mr. J. F. Creal. The two pilots are the same, as also the steward. Her regular days here will be Tuesday and Friday. She was visited to-day by a great many, who were handsomely entertained by one of the owners, Mr. D. McEachern, and Mr. James Madden, the agent here.

Late Literary News.

Not since "The Anglomaniacs" has there been so clever a society satire as Henry Fuller's "Pilgrim Sons," which is published in the August Cosmopolitan. The problems involved in woman's use of the bicycle are so startling and so numerous, under the rapid evolution of this art, that one welcomes a careful discussion of the subject by so trained a mind and so clever a writer as Mrs. Reginald de Koven. The Cosmopolitan illustrates Mrs. de Koven's article with a series of poses by professional models. A new sport, more thrilling than any known to Nimrod, more dangerous than was ever experienced by even a Buffalo Bill, is exploited in the same issue in an article on "Photographing Big Game in the Rocky Mountains," before shooting. The idea that ten cents for The Cosmopolitan means inferiority from a literary point of view is dispelled by the appearance in this number of such writers as Sir Lewis Morris, Sir Edwin Arnold, Edgar Fawcett, Tabb, W. Clark Russell, Lang, Sarcey, Zangwill, Agnes Repplier, etc. Nor can we entertain the idea of inferiority in illustration with such names as Hamilton Gibson, Denman, Van Shaick, Lix, Sandham, etc., figuring as the chief artists of a single month's issue.

They Find It Tiresome.

New York Sun.

The Summit Record, a nice little newspaper published nearly five hundred feet above the sea level, is displeased with what it calls "the tiresome iteration of The Sun's comment on the question of a third term for the President."

Why should Mr. Thomas F. Lane, the editor and publisher of the Summit Record, experience a sense of weariness when the third term question is mentioned?

It is a curious circumstance that the pay roll of the Treasury Department at Washington contains the name of a Thomas F. Lane. He figures there as a chief of division in the Register's Office, he is credited to New Jersey, and his modest salary is $2,000 a year.

It is likewise a curious circumstance that the pay roll of the Post Office Department contains the name of Mrs. Bridget Lane. She has the Post Office at Summit, and her salary is $1,900 a year.

Is that why it makes the little Summit Record so tired to hear the question of a third term for Cleveland prematurely and unsympathetically discussed?

According to the latest returns of the Indian office there are 248,253 Indians in the United States exclusive of Alaska.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

A Plain Talk On An Important Matter.

Wilmington Messenger.

Talk about the berry crop of North Carolina, it is neither to be jeered at nor overlooked. It is important to the people who strain under heavy taxes placed upon them by the Congress and by unfaithful home officials,—Legislators and others. We learn from a prominent and very intelligent citizen of Sampson county, that conservative and observing men say that the whortleberry crop of that county will not be less than $75,000 for this year and may go higher and not fall far below $100,000. This is indeed an excellent showing. It brings to a class of people the spending money they need to buy the common necessaries of life. The result is that the Sampson merchants have had "a good time" and report sales for the spring and summer almost equal to the fall and winter trade. Hurrah! for the huckleberry crop. Now turn up your nose if you dare at "big Sampson blues." Other counties have good reports to make as to the whortleberry and other crops of berries.

This reminds us of what a visitor to Westmoreland county, Va., told us. In that native county of the two greatest Americans—George Washington and Robert Edward Lee—the people obtain excellent results from their blackberry crop. The county actually receives more money for its berry crop than for its corn crop. It is stated as a fact that it pays a man better not to cultivate his land, but to sit quietly at home watching the briars grow and the berries come. He can really make more from his farm all covered with fruit-producing briars than by sowing and digging and ploughing and reaping.

What North Carolina has needed and still needs and will continue to need for years to come, we apprehend, is the multiplication of the smaller industries. The gentleman from Sampson was precisely right when he said to us that the people had the means and could be induced to go into the smaller industries if they knew how to do it—if they had some one to teach them by example or otherwise, some one to take hold and manage for them. This is so. We heard an educated Canadian living in this State say a year or so since that he had visited Western North Carolina where he saw the finest apples growing, but, he added, the people do not know how to handle them for market. He told us that in the North every apple was taken from the tree with the hand, placed in a long bag swung over the shoulder, and then emptied upon sheets spread upon the ground. Others then selected carefully all the sound, perfect fruit and these were packed in barrels for shipping and pressed by machinery. No imperfect fruit was allowed to go with the perfect, as it would cause the decay of others. Ladders are always used by the pickers.

North Carolina can grow, as we know, the best of apples, pears, peaches, figs, apricots and grapes and in much variety. We knew one man in Caswell in 1862 or 1863 who had 200 varieties of the pear. We knew a leading physician in Granville in 1858, who had twenty-five varieties he cultivated for his own use, and we do know that one of them was the very best we have ever eaten. In 1851 or 1852, at the New York World's Fair North Carolina captured both the first and second premiums for apples.

With the peculiar adaptation of climate and soil to fruit bearing there is no real reason why this State shall not rival Georgia or any other. Think of one Georgia farmer this year declining $40,000 for his peach crop. Our people are not half enterprising and wide-awake enough.

Up at Southern Pines there is a colony of Northern people. They have built in that healthy section a neat town and around it are the vineyards and orchards. One Northern man has in fruit 600 acres. They found no difficulty in selling all of their blackberry crop at 14 cents a quart. We may mention here that the Westmoreland people send their berries to Baltimore by the boats, and they are mostly converted into wine and brandy. There is a great future for North Carolina whenever the people really get wide-awake and full of wisely directed energy. When that comes then North Carolina farmers will cease to feed their stock on Northern hay, to live upon Western corn and wheat, to keen their smoke-houses in Chicago, Louisville and Cincinnati, to depend on rock-ribbed Maine for canned vegetables and upon that iceberg in Europe, Norway, for cabbage. No more forever will the North Carolina State Agricultural fair feed the stock—horses and mules included—that are on exhibition upon Northern hay. What a farce! What a satire upon Boeotian blundering and tenth century dependence! What a reproach to any people.

And our people can work eleven months each year out of doors. Every thing favorable, and all that is lacking are energy, judgment, intelligence.

Newspaper Man Must Be a Politician.

Charles A. Dana in McClure's Magazine

I have often been appealed to by friends, who said, "Can't you take this young man and give him employment?" Then I will watch that young man for a month or so and see what it is that he takes up in the morning. If he takes up the newspaper and turns to the political part of the paper and is interested in that, why, that is a good symptom of his intellectual tendencies, but if, instead of that, he takes up a magazine and sits down to read a love story, why, you cannot make a newspaper man out of him.

And yet he may make a very good writer of love stories, and as that is a sort of merchandise which seems to be always in demand and to bring pretty fair prices, why, if you have a talent in that direction, go ahead. You may make a good living, I have no doubt, but you will not play any momentous part upon the stage of public affairs, and that is the sphere of activity which the generous hearted and courageous youth looks forward to.

In order to be of importance in the affairs of this world in the newspaper profession you must be a politician, and you must know not merely the theories and doctrines of parties, not merely the recondite part of politics, but you must know practical politics, the history, the men, the individuals, their ideas, their purposes, and their deeds; know them, if you can, as they really are, not as the blind and the prejudiced imagine them to be.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

More Money.

Winston Sentinel.]

Some of the goldbug organs are doing lots of whistling and are indulging in loud talking through their hats to keep their courage up. For instance, the Chicago Chronicle commends the Ohio Democrats for determining not to hold their State Convention until the 20th of August and gives the following as reasons for the wisdom of such a course:

"By the time that the Ohio Democratic Convention shall meet the silver issue will have become of minor importance in politics. The revival of trade and industry, the increase everywhere in wages and the activity in the markets, with the profitable employment of all the money of all kinds in circulation, will bring the popular agitation of the silver question to a close."

This contains a very roseate view indeed of the near future and everybody would be delighted to see the predictions of great prosperity verified, but does anybody with a grain of common sense really expect to see such tremendous strides made in the commercial world by the 20th of next month? Such talk is clap trap designed to bolster up the goldbug element and to weaken the forces of the bimetallists.

The Chronicle speaks of "the profitable employment of all the money of all kinds in circulation." This is a consummation to be desired, as it would mark great improvement, but even with this attained, "good times" for all the people would not be at hand, for the reason that there is not enough money available for circulation. Too much of it is hoarded and too much of it is regarded as a commodity and used as such, instead of being turned into the channels of trade and manufacture.

There being no way to divert the concentrated wealth into avenues that will benefit the struggling masses, the demand for more money becomes imperative and if we mistake not the temper of the American people they are going to have it, despite the howls of England and Wall street and all other opposing forces. Hence this agitation of the currency question, which is not destined to "become of minor importance in politics," as the Chronicle puts it, until the great battle has been fought to a finish and the victory for the people won.

Mr. Samuel Spencer, President of the Great Southern Railroad.

Portsmouth Star.

Below we give in outline the principal events in the life of Mr. Spencer, which may not prove uninteresting to our people at this juncture:

Born at Columbus, Ga., March 2d, 1847. Graduated as civil engineer from the University of Virginia, July, 1869.

Entered railway service in August, 1869.

August, 1869, to July, 1872, successively rodman, levelman, transitman, resident engineer and principal assistant engineer Savannah and Memphis railroad.

July to December, 1872, clerk to superintendent of New Jersey Southern railroad.

December, 1872, to May, 1873, assistant supervisor of trains Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

May, 1873, to April, 1877, supervisor of trains Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

April, 1877, to January, 1878, superintendent of transportation Virginia Midland railway.

January, 1878, to October, 1879, general superintendent Long Island railroad.

October, 1879, to December, 1880, assistant to president of Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

December, 1880, to July, 1881, acting general manager of trains Ohio divisions, Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

July, 1881, to December, 1882, third vice president of Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

December, 1883, to November, 1884, second vice president of Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

November, 1884, to December, 1887, vice president of Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

December, 1887, to December, 1888, president of Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

March, 1889, entered the banking house of Drexel, Morgan & Co. (now J. P. Morgan & Co.) as railroad expert.

June, 1894, to date, president of Southern Railway company.

Elections This Fall.

On the 5th of November, next, elections will be held in twelve States, as follows: Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Mississippi, Nebraska, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and in the Territory of Utah, which will, by that time, have about complied with all the conditions required of it to make it a State. Oregon, Rhode Island, Michigan and Wisconsin hold elections early in the year. An election will be held in Connecticut on October 7th, for town officers and to pass upon a proposed redistricting of the State Senate. Iowa will elect State officers and a Legislature to elect a United States Senator to succeed Hon. William B. Allison, Republican; Kentucky, State officers and a Legislature, which will elect a United States Senator to succeed Hon. J. C. S. Blackburn, Democrat; Maryland, State officers, the lower house of the Legislature and fourteen State Senators; the Legislature will elect a United States Senator to succeed Hon. Charles H. Gibson, Democrat; Massachusetts, State officers and Legislature; Mississippi, State officers and a Legislature, which will elect a successor to United States Senator George, Democrat; Nebraska, justice of the Supreme Court and two regents of the State university; New Jersey, Governor and seven Senators and an entire Assembly; New York, State Officers and an entire Legislature; Ohio, State officers and a Legislature, which will elect a successor to United States Senator Calvin S. Brice, Democrat; Pennsylvania, a State treasurer and seven judges of the Superior Court; Virginia, members of the House of Delegates and one-half (twenty) of the State Senate. The Senators chosen this year will participate in the election of a Senator of the United States, to succeed John W. Daniel, Democrat.

Elihu Burritt, "the learned blacksmith," knew 18 languages. He was self-taught, generally needing only a dictionary and a grammar to master any language he chose to learn.

The State Board of Medical Examiners will hold an extra session at Wrightsville, August 26th. The same rules will govern in examinations as heretofore.

From LaGrippe.

How Dr. Miles' Nervine Restored One of Kentucky's Business Men to Health.

NO DISEASE has ever presented so many peculiarities as LaGrippe. No disease leaves its victims so debilitated, useless, sleepless, nerveless, as LaGrippe.

Mr. D. W. Hilton, state agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Kentucky, says:

"In 189 and '90 I had two severe attacks of LaGrippe, the last one attacking my nervous system with such severity that my life was despaired of. I had not slept for more than two months except by the use of narcotics that stupefied me, but gave me no rest. I was only conscious of intense mental weakness, agonizing bodily pain and the fact that I was hourly growing weaker.

When in this condition I commenced using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. In two days I began to improve and in one month's time I was cured, much to the surprise of all who knew of my condition. I have been in excellent health since and have recommended your remedies to many of my friends."

Louisville, Jan. 22, 1895. D. W. HILTON.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

"JUST A FEW WORDS"

That some of the young men have to say who have ridden the

—RAMBLER BICYCLE.—

Messrs. A. J. Pemberton and Co.,

GENTLEMEN:

Replying to your favor of recent date in regard to the "Rambler Bicyle" will say: The Rambler is as near perfect in every respect as it is possible to make a wheel.

I have owned five (5) different makes of wheels (among the number was a Columbia) and I have ridden many more, but the Rambler is the easiest running and the most comfortable wheel to ride on that I have ever mounted. I am sure I shall never want to trade again.

Wishing you all the success you surely deserve in selling the best wheel on earth, I remain

Yours very truly,
E. M. SHEETZ.

Feb'y 12, 1895.

A. J. Pemberton & Co.,

GENTLEMEN:

Regarding your query as to "How I like the Rambler Bicycle," I need only state my experience. Last June I bought a "Columbia," and after riding it two months, I sold it and purchased a "Rambler."

I can unhesitatingly say that the Ramb

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., AUG. 8, 1895

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

ORTHODOX DEMOCRACY.

Last week we printed Senator Morgan's speech in which the fact was demonstrated that the President had deserted the democratic party. That is to say, he had deliberately repudiated democratic principles. As parties are organized solely for the purpose of putting into effect certain professed principles; as the foundation stone of the democratic party is the reserved rights of the States and the strict construction of the Constitution; as the States have never yielded to the Federal government the right to discriminate against either one of the money metals named by the Constitution; as the last national deliverance of the democratic party—to wit, at Chicago in 1892—recognized this Constitutional provision when it declared that the equality of treatment of the two metals must be adhered to; and as Mr. Cleveland has used the patronage and machinery of the government to defeat this requirement of the Constitution and this command of the democratic party, it is plain that he has deserted the party which put him in office, in all but in name Nor is the fact that he still poses as a democrat, and therefore as the head of the party, to his credit. When the tariff, and the finances, and questions of party allegiance are the leading issues of the day, the place of the man who refused to sign his party's tariff bill, who vetoed his party's silver seigniorage bill, and who refused to vote for his party's regular nominee for Governor in his own State, is clearly with the republicans, populists, or other enemies of what he calls his party.

Nor is there wanting an authoritative expression, so far as we of North Carolina are concerned, on the subject of Mr. Cleveland's apostacy. Last summer the party in convention at Raleigh laid down its interpretation of the national party law as that was affected by the Brussels failure. It praised the President for those his acts which were not in violation of the party law. It refrained from reference to his repeal of the Sherman law without the supplemental legislation required by the Constitution and the party law, but it did this because, *and only because*, such supplemental legislation had been solemnly promised in his name, or in his behalf, without denial by him, and there was still a chance for his fulfillment of those promises. Since then he has allowed democratic control of the law making department of the government to expire without opening his lips or raising his finger to make those promises good. In consequence of this, the highest party authority in the State, the State Executive Committee, did, on the 20th of May last, reaffirm the action of the Convention of 1894 in respect to silver, and did deliberately refuse to readopt the qualified and tentative endorsement accorded the President by said Convention. The reason for this refusal was stated at the time, viz: that the President had failed to carry out the party law. Upon the adoption of the resolutions, as thus explained, the vote was 29 to 1.

The North Carolina democrat, therefore, who holds the President's course to be right, is not an orthodox democrat. He is practically in a state of revolt.

The General in command at West Point in 1780 was a duly appointed Major General of the Continental Army, commissioned as such to promote the principles of the Revolutionists. When he changed his principles to those of the enemy he was appointed to make war upon, those under his command were absolved from obedience to his commands. We avoid the use of the name of that General because his antecedent character had not been good, and because he was rewarded for changing his principles. Otherwise, the illustration holds, viz: in the respect that it forcibly reminds us of the limitations set upon the prerogatives of leadership.

There are officials of the Administration in North Carolina whose acts warrant the belief that they have been instructed to make war upon those who stand by orthodox democracy as duly interpreted in North Carolina. Let the democracy observe and remember them.

WHERE THE RESPONSIBILITY LIES.

Let the reader carefully consider what that great business authority, the New York Journal of Commerce, says in the article, elsewhere quoted, under the title, "Is the end in sight?" The Journal of Commerce, like most of the papers of New York, is a goldbug organ, yet we have, in this article, a complete confession of what the democracy has been contending all the while was the case, to wit, that the effect of the Rothschild syndicate bond dicker, for which the country has paid so dearly, was merely that of a temporary makeshift. Then let the reader recall the fact, which no one can deny, that Mr. Cleveland exhibited his absolute power to control legislation in the late Congress when he secured the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law. Having accomplished that measure—iniquitous, as the democracy claimed and as we all now see, in the highest degree, if unaccompanied by supplemental legislation—having accomplished that, the President allowed democratic control of the law-making department of the government to gasp its life out without turning his hand to remedy the ruinous effects of the endless chain arrangement by which the Federal treasury is made banker for all the world's shylocks!

Aye, gentlemen of the counting houses of great Gotham, fix the responsibility where it lies.

A WOMAN'S EDITION OF THE OBSERVER.

See the communication from the Ladies' Monument Association, in our local columns. The women of Cumberland never fail in what they undertake, and they will, without doubt, add a large sum to their monument funds by the undertaking proposed. We shall next week give details of the project.

THE SILVER REACTION.

By the corrupt use of the Government machinery, the silver sentiment was in great part suppressed at the late Kentucky convention. The effect was temporary. Blackburn has since carried most of the primaries for free silver. In the Missouri convention Mr. Bland has swept everything. It is the same in the Texas convention, and was the same in the Mississippi primaries, the other day.

The Administration has made a tremendous effort, and appears to have failed. It will not do, however, to relax effort in the slightest degree. We have the strongest of reasons for knowing that the Government is employing the most shameless methods in this State. Let the people watch.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The action of Judge Ewart in the matter of Editor Robinson, of the Asheville Citizen, is unprecedented and a serious menace to the freedom of the press. The Supreme Court, which has shown itself so differently minded, will, of course, reverse Judge Ewart's finding.

* * *

We regret to observe that, in mentioning the names of our Greensboro brethren who made the meeting of the Press Association there so useful and agreeable, the name of Rev. Mr. Grissom of the Christian Advocate was omitted—by one of those accidents no printer can account for.

* * *

Read the items which we have grouped under the head of "The Progress of Imperialism." The reader will see that, even in his distant post, Ambassador Bayard has caught the spirit of the movement, and speaks of the "*self confident and oftentimes violent people*" whom "*it takes a man such as Mr. Cleveland to govern*"!! Shades of our Revolutionary ancestors defend us!

* * *

No one, it seems to us, who reads the account in the New York papers of the disagreement, the other day, between Col. Fred Grant and his fellow members of Mr. Roosevelt's Police Board, over the case of Captain Eakins, can fail to feel his blood tingle as this high strung gentleman—evidently a true son of Lee's chivalrie antagonist—gives vent to his indignation at an apparent discrimination about to be made against Eakins. Nothing more has been proved against Eakins than against the late Superintendent Byrnes and the late Captain Williams, who were allowed to "retire." Yet it is proposed to refuse the same privilege to Eakins. The secret of Col. Grant's sympathy was his knowledge of Eakins's fine war record as a Union soldier—probably under his father. In an outburst of compassion for the accused veteran, Col. Grant said he agreed with him that his prosecution, under the circumstances, was "a crime." Mr. Roosevelt and the other members of the Board regarded this as a reflection upon themselves. We think the public sympathy will be all on the side of honorable and outspoken Fred Grant, who gives a glimpse of his moral make-up in these words, spoken to a reporter:

"As to my opinion as to whether trying a Captain in this way is the proper plan for building up the force, we should have a good class of men of such a high order of integrity that their word could and should be taken. A liar, a thief, or a blackguard has no place on the force, and should be put out. But we might have a good man under a cloud coming of the iniquities of a past regime. Self preservation is a natural law, and a man in such a regime, who attacked saloons with a "pull" would be a fool. The fault was with the powers above him. But if he received money for holding his hand, he is a dishonest man in all regimes. Did you ever read 'Pelham' and the uncle's advice? Well, that's my idea of what a man's course should be. He should never deviate from what is honorable."

WHY NEW YORK CONTROLS.

Says the New York Sun.

"The centre of population in the United States has moved 150 miles westward since 1870. Between the years 1880 and 1890 it moved from a point eight miles outside of Cincinnati to a point in Indiana fifty miles west of that city. Six new Northwestern States have been added to the Union since 1888; another Territory beyond the Rocky Mountains will become a State before the next Presidential election. The new apportionment of the Congress districts, based on the Federal census of 1890, has added largely to the voting power of the Western and Southwestern States, just as the admission of the six new States has added to the voting strength of the West and Northwest in the Senate. These changes have been reflected, of course, in the electoral vote. In the last Presidential contest the Republicans took their Convention to Minneapolis, remote from the arena of doubtful States and narrow margins. Despite all these changes, New York remains the focus of political activity, the centre of political influence, and the Empire State in American politics. Not to this State only, but to this town, the Presidential candidates of both parties come. Instinctively and spontaneously, candidates for political honors turn to the city of New York, the enormous power of which is not based on a mere numerical advantage, but upon the fact that the leaders of both parties in grave national contests draw their inspiration from New York, as the centre of polities as well as of commercial activity."

The Sun has omitted the most potent of the reasons why New York is the centre of polities: The secretly accumulated campaign funds of plutocracy are dispensed thence to both—in fact to all—political parties!

The Progress of Imperialism.

[London cablegram, August 2.]

United States Ambassador Bayard distributed the prizes at the grammar school at Boston to-day. Afterwards a banquet was given in his honor, at which the Mayor presented to him an illuminated address from the corporation. Mr. Garfit, M. P., proposed the health of President Cleveland, to which Mr. Bayard replied. "The office of President," the Ambassador said, "is not only one of great dignity but one of responsibility and anxiety. The President stands in the midst of a self-confident and oftentimes violent people, and it takes a man such as Mr. Cleveland to govern them."

[New York World August 3.]

Ambassador Bayard ought to come home long enough to imbibe some sound democratic doctrine. He has been telling Londoners that "the President stands in the midst of a self-confident and oftentimes violent people, and it takes such a man as Mr. Cleveland to govern them." Does the President govern? We supposed that the people govern in this country.

Misuse of the Mails by the Administration.

[Washington telegram to N. Y. World, Aug. 3.]

The World has already called attention to the fact that all the postmasters of Secretary Hoke Smith's own State, Georgia, have been requested for many weeks past to distribute copies of Secretary Carlisle's sound money speeches recently delivered at Memphis and through Kentucky. Following is a copy of the official letter making the request:

Department of the Interior,
Washington, June, 1895.

Postmaster.

My Dear Sir: Without any purpose to affect your personal action, I send you several copies of Secretary Carlisle's recent speeches. I will, however, appreciate your distributing them among those likely to read them. Yours very truly,

HOKE SMITH.

The above letter is termed "official" because it is on the official paper of the Interior Department. It was not addressed to individuals who happened to be Postmasters, but was addressed to Postmasters as such.

Secretary Hoke Smith is a man who is not afraid of his friends. He helps them when he can, and has helped a good many hundreds of them to positions in the Interior Department. Georgians are as numerous in the Interior Department as were Ohioans when Ohioans were in command in Washington. Not content with the opportunities in the Interior Department, Secretary Hoke Smith invaded the Post Office Department, and, despite the violent protests of every member of Congress from that State, succeeded in placing several hundred of his adherents in the Post Offices of Georgia. Consequently the above circular was eminently fitting to pass between friends.

The speeches referred to were sent out in bulk, the postage being one cent for each two ounces. But the Secretary failed to observe, it is learned, this provision of the Postal laws and regulations:

"Bulk Packages for Separate Distribution. When circulars, hand-bills, advertising sheets or any other printed matter of the third class are sent by mail in bulk from one Post Office to another, to be distributed through the boxes or general delivery of the Post Office of address, or by letter-carriers, the bulk package must not exceed four pounds in weight, and must be fully prepaid at the rate of one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof, and the proper drop rate at the postoffice of distribution must be affixed in stamps by the sender to each separate circular or package, in addition to the rate already paid upon the bulk packages."

There are in Georgia some 2,300 Post Offices, and it is understood that the Secretary sent an average of not less than twenty-five speeches to each office. Each speech should have borne a one cent stamp. The Post Office Department then has lost 25 cents at each of the 2,300 Post Offices, or a total of $575.

The average Georgian believes in free silver, but Secretary Hoke Smith has kept close track of the delivery of the speeches in question, by having political adherents at each Post Office walk up to the Postmaster and ask for some of those Carlisle speeches.

The Georgia Congressmen who don't like Hoke Smith say they are going to ask some embarrassing questions next winter in reference to this matter.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

Instead of encouraging the third-term idea so as to work up to the grand historical tableau of "Cleveland Refusing the Presidency," Mr. Cleveland should simply say now that he has not the slightest intention of running again, and that those who speak of him in connection with the nomination are either fool friends or disguised enemies.

(From the Atlanta Constitution.)

Leaving out of view the fact that such a movement would constitute the obsequies of the Democracy as a national party, at least until it recovered from the shock, we are struck with surprise that in view of recent developments Mr. Cleveland should imagine that his "enemies" are circulating talk about a third term. Without exception the third-term talk has developed within the sacred official precincts at Washington.

(From the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.)

Chief Justice Fuller says that Mr. Cleveland is strong with the people. Since when has Chief Justice Fuller mingled with the people? Since that very peculiar opinion of his on the income-tax law?

Not all are Democrats who Call Themselves So.

Says the St. Louis Republic, referring to the coming convention in Missouri:

Notoriously some professed Democrats have joined in the convention movement solely to slake deadly private rancor. Notoriously some of these persons are such novices as friends of silver that in discussing the question they are about as wise as the orator who remarked that by the Salic law no woman or descendant of a woman could ascend the throne.

Is the End in Sight?

New York Journal of Commerce.

There must be somewhere a point at which the syndicate must withdraw its support from the treasury; so that it is a case of only a few months when the gold reserve must return to the condition of exposure from which it has been shielded since last February. This is a prospect that requires prompt deliberation and treatment. Inaction can only feed the anxiety which the outlook is beginning to generate. There are men whose functions, influence and responsibility put upon them the duty of providing against the possible misfortunes in some really courageous and effective way; and the country has a right to look to them for early action.

The only conceivable means of real and permanent remedy lies with the banks. No financial miracle within the ability of the most potent syndicate could accomplish the complete restoration that would instantly follow the banks returning to the payment of customs duties in gold. Unless the government is to continue to borrow fifty to one hundred millions of gold a year, there is no other means under the sun for saving the treasury except that of the banks ceasing to divert from the treasury its wonted gold income. The sooner the banks act upon this imperative necessity in their clearing house capacity, the sooner the financial horizon will be cleared of the clouds that again begin to appear upon it. Without their action, it is absolutely inevitable that there must be a renewal of borrowing within a few months after the close of the syndicate's functions; and what that means practical financiers at least do not need to be told.

There are those who imagine that, now that the syndicate has done so much to restore confidence and to repair the machinery of business, "affairs may be safely left to run themselves." This is a very narrow-sighted mistake. With all its help, the syndicate has left the main thing undone. The real difficulty to be remedied lies in the inability of the treasury to get and to keep enough gold to maintain its reserve and preserve gold payment. There alone centres the disease. The syndicate has loaned the government enough gold to satisfy its wants for a few months; but it has done nothing towards either stopping the future export drain or bringing back to the government its wonted gold income through the banks in payment for customs duties. It follows, the afore, that all the recovery of confidence and of business is based upon a transient operation which, when withdrawn, will leave us where we were before last February; unless the banks, the only possible source of lasting remedy, come to the rescue by resuming gold payments to the government.

The Elders' and Deacons' Institute.

Correspondence of the Observer.

At the meeting of Fayetteville Presbytery in Pittsboro in 1892, Elder William Black (now Rev. William Black) introduced a resolution looking to the establishment of an Annual Normal Institute for elders and deacons. The committee to which the resolution was referred reported: "That Presbytery direct the holding of a Normal Institute for Elders and Deacons for the purpose of increasing their knowledge of the scripture and their skill in using the Divine Word." Elder William Black was appointed chairman of the first Institute Committee, of which Captain S. C. Rankin was a valued and efficient member. After long consideration Red Springs was chosen as the place for the first meeting, and the committee set to work to prepare a programme which should adequately set the standard for future Institutes.

I suppose nearly every one who attended the first meeting was surprised at the immediate and unanimous response of the people to the Institute idea. Great crowds thronged the spacious tent and listened with undiminished interest to the speakers who came from far and near to address them. Besides the ministers of Fayetteville Presbytery, there were present Dr. Shearer, Dr. Erdman, Dr. Hoge, Rev. Egbert Smith and Rev. Arthur Smith, whose gospel singing added so much to the success of the meeting. Prominent elders from the Synod of North Carolina gave the people the benefit of their experience in the work—and Mr. Black with his energy and enthusiasm was a host in himself.

The success of the Elders' and Deacons' Institute was thus assured. The next year a new committee found it a comparatively easy matter to secure speakers and to give an acceptable programme, and this year the increased attendance and the unabated interest of the people give encouragement for yet larger plans in the future. A commodious tabernacle with room for 5,000 people has been erected and paid for, and the land adjoining deeded to the Presbytery.

The programme for the Institute just closed seems to have been especially popular. Dr. E. R. English, of Union Seminary, gave masterly expositions of the shorter books of the Bible. Rev. D. N. McLauchlin preached three powerful sermons. Principal Dinwiddie, of Peace Institute, made most scholarly and practical addresses, while Dr. Hill, Mr. Arrowood, Mr. Craig and other ministers of the Presbytery, did good service.

The attendance on Sunday was estimated at from 4,000 to 6,000. There were more Fayetteville people present than ever before, and the fame of the Institute each year attracts many from a distance—so that often unexpected vacancies on the programme are filled by visiting brethren.

Besides the systematic study of the Bible, one whole day is devoted to a discussion of Sunday-school work, and throughout the session the most practical questions of church work are debated. It is a good sign to see so many people interested in these religious topics, and there is every prospect that the Elders' and Deacons' Institute will grow year by year in usefulness and in favor with the people.

A. J. McKELWAY.

CORRESPONDENCE.

SHERWOOD, Aug. 6th.

Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Weeks, of Melrose, Fla., are on a visit to their parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Thames, of Sherwood, N. C.

Miss Irene McQueen, of Rowland, N. C., is visiting her cousins, Misses Hattie and Sallie McQueen.

Mrs. A. L. Evans, of Halcyon Dale, Ga., is visiting her sister, Mrs. M. B. Thames

Miss Julia Roberts, of Latta, S. C., who has been spending some time with her cousin, Miss Alice Freeman, returned home Friday.

KENANSVILLE, N. C., Aug. 5, '95.

Court opens to-day in this place, Judge Graham presiding. There is quite a full docket, so many cases being brought over from last court.

There are several very important cases, among them three for murder. A number of prominent lawyers have already arrived, among them Judge Allen, District Attorney Aycock and Mr. John Kerr, of Clinton, and others.

Mr. Richardson, the regular Solicitor for this district, is quite sick in Washington. His place is filled by Mr. Henry Faison, of Clinton.

The crowd this court is unusually large.

Misses Addie Davis and Bessie and Ida Hawkins, of Wilmington, are guests of Miss Winnie Bowden.

Mrs. Nannie Hinson and three daughters, Mrs. Thompson, Misses Clara and Bessie, of Savannah, are visiting relatives here.

Mr. Paul Brown, a prominent merchant of this place, left last week for Boston, in the interest of "The Farrior Shoe Co."

The outlook for business in this section is good.

Mr. J. D. Williams, of Warsaw, is here on a visit to his cousin, Mr. A. F. Williams, Jr.

Mrs. Jeff. Farrior, of Wilson, with her two children is visiting Mrs. Mary Farrior, of this place.

Miss Annie Taylor, of Catherine Lake, is the guest of Miss Jessie Farrior.

Mr. L. V. Grady, a talented young lawyer of this place, has bought the old Graham office. He is raising and modernizing it, and when finished it will be quite an ornament to our village.

Mrs. Mary Farrior, of Charlotte, is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Harry McArthur, of Wilmington, formerly of this place, is here on a visit to her sister, Miss Laura Moore.

We are glad to hear that Mr. Henry Moore who has been quite sick for the past week, is much better.

Mr. N. H. Sprunt has just returned from Carolina Beach, where he has been spending a few days with relatives.

The crops in this section are looking well.

The last six or eight weeks have been highly favorable, especially to corn, and there is every indication of an abundant yield. The watermelon crop is abundant if not fine.

One of the farmers in this section said he expected to keep two carts on the road all this week hauling watermelons to sell, from one cent up.

LUMBER BRIDGE, Aug. 6.

The Lumber Bridge Light Infantry met for drill and target practice last Saturday, and did both fine shooting and drilling.

Prof. J. A. McArthur spent Saturday in the village, and is much encouraged with the outlook for his school.

Mr. Evander Conoly, the sixteen year old son of Scott Conoly, Esq., came near loosing his life last Sunday by the falling of a young horse on him. He is better to-day.

Rev. P. R. Law preached last Sunday a practical sermon on doing the "Word," because his flock had, at the Elders and Deacons Institute, heard so much of it. He showed hearing was useless without the doing.

Miss Rebecca McArthur is off visiting friends in Cumberland.

Ex Sheriff H. McEachern is convalescing rapidly. Richard expects to be himself again ere long.

The old paling fence around the cemetery of the Lumber Bridge church is being replaced with a new and handsome one. This is the beginning of the end which will be the building, it is expected, of a new handsome church.

Candidate Archie McLauchlin, preached for the pastor at Shannon last Sunday afternoon. He is a promising young man.

Arthur Smith is visiting his parents at Lyndwood, S. C.

SUBSTITUTE.

CORNELIA, N. C., Aug. 5, 1895.

MR. EDITOR:—The corn crop will be cut somewhat short if it continues cool throughout the month of August.

Cider time in this vicinity has surely come in full blast, and those who have apples are taking advantage of such a nice opportunity to fill their barrels and kegs with this healthy and wholesome drink.

We notice that apples and peaches are badly worm eaten (especially the first that ripen) causing a good deal of it to fall off the trees before maturity. Worm eaten apples are fit for nothing only to feed to stock and for cider. Cider made from such apples is as good as if the apples were perfectly sound. Can any of the readers of the OBSERVER inform us why this is true. Also how to get rid of the worm pest in our fruit and trees, for there is a worm that plays havoc with the trees as well as the fruit.

Our farmers are nearly done laying by their crops as far as cultivating them is concerned, and long to see the day when they can have a little resting spell before fodder pulling time.

Mr. W. D. Bain, and child, of Wharton, N. C., is visiting his parents and relatives in this vicinity.

Mr. G. A. McDonald, postmaster of Wade, N. C., was taken very ill last Friday, but was some better this morning.

Preparation has been made at Oak Ridge for the seating of all the Sunday-schools which are to meet there in Convention August 8th. D. D. BAIN.

SILER CITY, Aug. 6.

It is very dry in this section. A good shower would make many a heart joyful.

Corn is fine, and the indications are for an abundant yield.

Mrs. W. S. Hunter is critically ill, and her death is expected at any hour.

Rev. E. W. Fox filled the pulpit of the M. E. church Sunday morning, as the pastor, Rev. E. C. Sell was unable to do so, on account of sickness.

An axe handle factory will be established at this point, and we trust that the industries that have been located in our midst, will be the means of securing others, as the natural advantages of our town cannot be excelled.

Mrs. J. B. Guthrie leaves to-day for Mt. Vernon Springs, where she will sojourn for a while to recuperate.

Rev. E. W. Fox has removed his membership to Greensboro, and will join the Western Conference.

Prof. N. E. Cox has accepted the position tendered him by the High Point School, and will have charge of the Commercial College. They have indeed secured a jewel, for Prof. Cox cannot be excelled as a pen-man.

Prof. Thompson has not secured any one as yet, to fill Prof. Cox's place, and it will be impossible to secure his equal.

Miss Mollie Coble who has been summering at Graham, has returned home.

Mr. Lacy Holt, Burlington, N. C., is visiting Mr. Geo. Coble's family.

The Sunday School Conference of the Siler City Circuit, will be held in the M. E. church, on Saturday, and the exercises will consist of addresses on the best methods for advancing the work of the schools, and they will be interspersed with excellent music.

Miss Minnie E. Willis, Fayetteville, is visiting in town, much to the joy of her many friends. She will preside at the organ during the Sunday School Conference on Saturday, and that of itself will aid the Siler City School in excelling the others in singing, as Miss Willis cannot be surpassed as an organist.

Mr. Lawrence W. Godbold, Marion, S. C., is visiting Mrs. B. N. Mann.

The eighth annual reunion of the Leonidas J. Merritt Camp, No. 387, of United Confederate Veterans of this county, met here last Thursday, and presented an imposing picture, as there were about 300 of our noble ex-Confederates present. They formed in line, under the charge of Chief Marshal, our talented citizen, Mr. O. A. Hanner, and headed by the Siler City Cornet band, they marched to the academy, under the arbor, to listen to the orators of the day.

The first honor was accorded Col. W. H. S. Burgwyn, the younger brother of the brave Col. Harry Burgwyn, who was Colonel of the 26th North Carolina Regiment, in which were two companies of this immediate neighborhood. His speech was excellent, and displayed thought and talent, and was full of interesting incidents, descriptive of the valor of our gallant ex-Confederates, and was most gracefully delivered, and at the conclusion of it, every one of the old veterans' faces, were bathed in tears, brought forth by the tenderness and pathos of the gifted speaker and friend. He gave a graphic description of the noble 26th at Gettysburg, where the soldiers won crowns of immortality for themselves.

He was followed by our noted and renowned Editor of the Record, Mr. Henry A. London, who with his usual eloquence described the scenes of the past, and gave to the old veterans some interesting statistics of our Chatham soldiers, and displayed for the gaze of the audience, a testament of Mr. Geo. H. Fitts, that had been instrumental in saving the owner's life at Reams's Station, as the bullet that would have lodged in his heart, ploughed through the testament and dropped in his pocket. He also displayed the parole of Mr. Fitts, and said it was an emblem more renowned than that of the French Legion of Honor.

Short addresses were made by Rev. Jesse Smith and Mr. W. W. Edwards, which brought back reminiscences of the war fresh to the mind of each old comrade, and stirred up the brotherly love which slumbered in each breast, and this can indeed be said to be a reunion of the reunions, and every one present will ever remember August 1st, 1895.

After the speaking, the veterans, speakers and invited guests were again arranged in line, and marched to the warehouse, where a sumptuous dinner, composed of the delicacies of the season, had been prepared for them by the ladies of the town. The blessing was pronounced by Caplain Rev. A. H. Perry, after which the veterans supplied the wants of the inner man, and with one voice they exclaimed that never was a better dinner served in Chatham or elsewhere, and that it was a fact worthy of belief, that they had never enjoyed one better.

After dinner they regaled themselves with ice cold lemonade, that had been donated for that purpose by Messrs. J. W. Scott & Co., and the Greensboro Ice Co., Greensboro, N. C.

The stand had been most tastefully decorated in the colors of the Confederacy, under the supervision of Miss Minnie Willis, and the arrangement could not have been surpassed by any community or any person.

ROBIN ADAIR.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Vacation Time

Is at hand and is gladly welcomed by all, especially those whose duties in life have caused them to greatly run down their system to meet the requirements, physical and mental, forced upon them. With these and others, it is important, whether at home, at the seashore or in the country, that some thought be given to diet, and as further assistance to Nature, a good building up medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla had best be resorted to. If the digestion is poor, liver deranged and frequent headaches seem to be the rule, Hood's will change all this and enable everyone to return to their home and business in a refreshed state of mind and bodily health.

For travelers and tourists a vial of Japanese Liver Pellets will be found very convenient; they quickly relieve indigestion, constipation and sick headache. Fifty doses, 25 cts. For sale by King Bros., Fayetteville, N. C.

Deserving Praise.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son, Druggists.

A Million Friends.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. If you have never used this Great Cough Medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of throat, Chest and Lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store. Large bottles 50c. and $1.00.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

NOTICE—We have Telephone, No. 49, at "Sunnyside." Orders for Cut Flowers, &c., left at King's Drug Store, will be promptly filled. Respectfully, JAMES M. LAMB.

PETER HENDERSON'S TURNIP SEEDS have taken the lead and will hold it. They never disappoint. For sale by H. R. HORNE.

"ANTI SKEET" TABLETS FOR DESTROYING Mosquitoes, Moths, etc., in a pleasant and harmless aroma. 10c. a box at McDUFFIE'S DRUG STORE.

The **INDUSTRIA CUBANA**, a genuine Cuban hand-made Key West, unflavored, long Havana filled, 5 cent cigar. Also my usual line of choice brands, including "After Hours," "Saborosa," Straiton & Storms' "Principe," Traylor's "Conqueror," "Little Solon Shingle," etc, etc. For sale by H. R. HORNE.

PIGEON MILK THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE. Cures in 1 to 4 days. Immediate in effect; quick to cure. Can be carried in vest pocket, all complete in one small package. Sent by mail, prepaid, plain package, on receipt of price. $1 per box. FOR SALE BY

KING BROS.,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

You cannot be well unless your blood is pure. Therefore purify your blood with the best blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Mr. Wm. M. Wilson
Pullman, W. Va.

Better Than For Years

Hood's Sarsaparilla Demonstrates Its Merits.

A scrofulous or catarrhal condition of the intestines is often the prime cause of chronic diarrhœa, and when the tissues are built up and healed by the pure blood made by Hood's Sarsaparilla, a cure is effected. Read this:

"I believe it my duty to tell what benefit I have received from Hood's Sarsaparilla. I was afflicted with chronic diarrhœa for four years, and

Severe Pains in the Back

of my head and also in my side. I was treated by two leading physicians, but found no relief. I was advised by friends

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I commenced taking the medicine last May and have taken over seven bottles. I found relief after taking the first bottle and now feel better than I have for years." WILLIAM M. WILSON, Pullman, West Virginia.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, prevent constipation.

H. H. H.

WE HAVE COMPLETED TAKING

INVENTORY OF STOCK,

and have made out quite a list of goods that we are offering at

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

We must close out these goods to make room

For Fall Purchases.

We will be glad to furnish a list of these goods to parties in want of anything in our line. In many instances these goods are

Offered at Less than Cost.

— THEY MUST GO.—

We will be glad to send these lists by mail to any one wanting them.

Huske Hardware House.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

—AND DEALERS IN—

Plows, Harrows, Cultivators and all kinds of Agricultural Implements and Castings and Steel Shapes for the same.

IF YOU WANT ANY LEATHER GOODS SUCH AS

Buggy Harness, Wagon Harness, Plow Gear, Bridles and Collars,

do not fail to examine our stock—we have the very best goods at panic prices. We can furnish you with any part of Harness at half the price that it will cost you to have it made.

— T IS JUST AS WE TOLD YOU TWO YEARS AGO IT WOULD BE—

"ALBEMARLE" FLOUR

has a great deal the largest sale of any Patent Flour sold in Fayetteville, quality and price combined will tell.

FERTILIZERS.

We have in stock quite a number of the oldest and most reliable Brands and several new Brands which we offer at popular prices. We offer special inducements to car load buyers.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.

NIMOCKS & COOK,

INSURANCE.

WALTER WATSON,

ESTABLISHED 1866.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

IRON, STEEL, NAILS, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, AND HORSE SHOE NAILS,
GRINDSTONES AND FIXTURES,
PUMPS AND PUMP FITTINGS,
ROPES AND TWINES,
MACHINE AND CARRIAGE BOLTS,
SAW MILL AND GINNERS' SUPPLIES,
WAGON, CART AND CARRIAGE MATERIALS
WELL BUCKETS AND CHAINS,
PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS,
RUBBER AND LEATHER BELTINGS,

SECOND HAND GINS AND PRESSES FOR SALE CHEAP,

AND ALL SHELF HARDWARE USUALLY FOUND IN A FIRST-CLASS

HARDWARE STORE.

Guns, Rifles and Pistols a Specialty.

MY SHOPS ARE ALWAYS OPEN FOR REPAIRING

Guns, Pistols, Locks, &c., &c.

WALTER WATSON.

☞ Write for Catalogue of Guns, Pistols, &c.

ASSIGNEE'S CLOSING SALE

—OF—

SUMMER DRY GOODS.

E. J. Lilly is determined

—TO CLOSE OUT ALL OF THE—

Strictly Summer Goods

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION IN THE STOCK

OF ROSE & LEAK.

The cost of an article will not be considered as these goods must be converted into CASH

BLACK GOODS.

In this line you can buy for half its value as the following quotation of prices will attest:

50 cts. all-wool Tamise, one yard wide, 37½
75 " " " " " 56¼
80 " " " 40 inches wide, 40

The above goods are especially adapted for summer dresses and are considered very much cooler than lawns.

Also a full line of Nun's Veiling at half price.

ALL-WOOL GRENADINE

in stripe and plaids for 37½c. former price 50c.

FIGURED ORGANDIES.

A beautiful line of the above goods will be closed at 9 cts. These goods are sold everywhere at 15 cts. A cheaper grade for only 5 cts.

Did it ever occur to you that a nice Ladies' Gauze Vest could be bought for 5 cts.

Who ever dreamed of buying an ALL-SILK Vest for 50 cts.; half Silk at 37½ cts., and a lovely quality of Lisle Thread at 25 cts. former price 50 cts.

CHILDREN'S NEWPORT TIES and SLIPPERS

at exactly half price.

These goods were marked in conformity with our one price cash system, and when you are asked half that price for a nice Bronze, Tan or Black Slipper you will know that it is being SLAUGHTERED.

LADIES' TAN OXFORDS,

Old price $2 50, will be closed at $1 25

Only a few pairs of them left, so come early.

THESE GOODS MUST BE SOLD.

E. J. LILLY, Assignee
OF ROSE & LEAK.

Swan's Down, Zeb. Vance

—AND—

Sweet-Water Valley Flour.

FRESH BOLTED MEAL.
SWIFT'S ORIOLE BRAND HAMS and PICNIC BREAKFAST STRIPS.
VERMONT CREAMERY AND GILT-EDGE CREAMERY BUTTER.
CANNED GOODS.
PLAIN AND FANCY CANDY.
CRACKERS. CHEESE.
FRUIT. BROOMS.
BASKETS, &c.

C. W. ELLIOTT & CO.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York Wilmington, N. C.

—AND—

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

FROM PIER 29, EAST RIVER, NEW YORK
Located bet. Chambers and Roosevelt Sts.
At 3 o'clock P. M
NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON.
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday, Aug. 3
CROATAN.....Saturday, Aug. 10
WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.
CROATAN.....Saturday, Aug. 3
GEO. W CLYDE.....Saturday, Aug. 10
WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C.
CROATAN.....Tuesday, July 30
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Tuesday, Aug. 6
Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.
For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES
Superintendent,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
W. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents,
5 Bowling Green, N. Y.

MOSQUITOES
—AND—
MOTHS
—ARE—
INSTANTLY KILLED
—WITH—
"ANTI-SKEET" WAFERS.
10 CENTS.

ALL DRUGGISTS OR FROM THE NATIONAL SOLICITING COMPANY,
NO. 96 FIFTH AVE., N. Y.
5-9-95 3m

THE ÆTNA

Is the Strongest American Fire Insurance Co.

Has been doing business continuously since 1819.
Her Reputation is the best to-day.
Over Ten Million Dollars Assets.
Take out a policy on your property.
B. R. HUSKE, Agent.

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY .....AUGUST 8, 1895.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Manager.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

The Editor of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

Notices of church and society and all other entertainments from which revenue is to be derived will be charged for at the rate of five cents a lined.

The sum of not less than five cents per line will be charged for "cards of thanks," "resolutions of respect" and obituary poetry, also for obituary notices other than those which the editor himself may give as a matter of news.

Schedule of Mails at Post Office, Fayetteville, N. C.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.	Arrival.	Departure.	Clo'g of Mails.
North Bound,	10:55 a m	10:57 a m	10:27 a m
North Bound,	9:30 p m	9:50 p m	9:00 p m
South Bound,	4:25 p m	4:25 p m	4:05 p m
South Bound,	12:51 a m	12:51 a m	9:00 p m
C. F. & Y. V. R. R.			
North Bound,	12:15 p m	12:45 p m	12:15 p m
South Bound,	2:15 p m	2:45 p m	2:15 p m
Benson Line,	10:35 a m	4:35 p m	4:10 p m
Rural Line,	Thurs & Sat.	Mon & Wed	
From Willow,	4:00 p m	8:00 a m	7:30 a m
Rural Line,	Wed & Sat	Tues & F	
Manly Mail,	6:00 p m	7:00 a m	6:30 a m
Western	Arrive Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday.		
	11:00 a m	11:00 a m	11:00 a m
	Depart 12:00 m	12:00 m	12:00 m
	7:30 p m	7:00 a m	6:30 a m

Eastern. *Daily except Sunday.

B. H. HENDERSON, P. M.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Miss MALLETT—School.
A. S. HUSKE, Ag't—Tea.
JAMES M. LAMB—Telephone—Special.
J. O'DANIEL—Sampson County Bacon, &c.
DR. MILES' NERVINE—Headache!—4th page
Rev. C. A. HAMPTON—Jones Seminary for Young Ladies.

Goodwin's Bridge is receiving much needed repairs.

Capt. J. M. Walker, is building a handsome house on Dick Stret, opposite Mr. Q. K. Nimocks's.

See the inquiry about worm-eaten fruit and the worm pest, in our Cornelia correspondence.

We grieve to learn that Mrs. Annie Wingate MacRae, widow of the late Major Duncan G. MacRae, is dangerously ill. Little hope of her recovery is entertained.

A number of Populists attended the Clinton Silver Pic-nic yesterday. Sheriff Geddie was among the number. Two colored brass bands were sent from here.

Miss Elizabeth Robeson, daughter of the late Dr. Ralph Robeson, is seriously ill at her home on the east side of the Cape Fear. Dr. Faison, of New Jersey, was summoned and is now attending her.

Mr. W. C. Troy had a slight stroke of paralysis Monday morning. He was rendered speechless for several hours. We are glad to state that he is some better, and able to talk a little.

A Pic nic was given at St. Andrews Chapel Friday under the auspices of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew. The one hundred and twenty five people who were present enjoyed themselves immensely.

The colored Normal School, of this city, will be conducted the ensuing year by the following faculty: Prof. E. E. Smith, Principal; Prof. J. F. K. Simpson, 1st assistant; Maggie I. Hood, 2nd assistant.

Mr. Joseph Starr will be ordained in St. John's Episcopal Church next Wednesday morning. Bishop Watson will perform the ordination service, assisted by Dr. Carmichael, of Wilmington, and Rev. Thos. Atkinson, of Baltimore.

Mr. J. M. Lamb treated the whole OBSERVER force yesterday to some of the finest fruit and vegetables we have seen this year. His cabbage, sweet potatoes, tomatoes and cantaloupes "can't be beat." By the way, his sweet potatoes are the first of the season.

There was an immense congregation at the Baptist Church Sunday night, composed of all denominations, as there were no services in any of the other churches. Rev. Mr. Thomas preached a fine sermon, full of lofty thoughts, couched in splendid language. He has a clear, strong voice, and his articulation is perfect. The Baptists are fortunate in securing such a talented pastor.

The following road overseers have been appointed by the Magistrates for Cross Creek Township:

W. H. Tomlinson, North Street; J. W. Farrell, Ramsey; C. P. Martin, Murchison Road; W. W. Huske, Robinson Road; J. M. Lamb, Middle Plank Road; Thos Fitzell, Haymount Road; Oliver Crator, (col.), Center Plank Road; J. J. Bunch, Town Line; Thos. Newberry, Republican Road; J. N. Emmet, Winslow Street; J. C. Vann, Vann Road.

Painful Accident.

Bright little Ellen Brandt fell out of a window of her aunt's house in Carbonton, Moore county, Saturday, and broke her leg. Mr. and Mrs. Brandt and Ellen have been spending some time in Carbonton with Mrs. Brandt's sister. Mr. and Mrs. Brandt returned Monday with their daughter, who had to be brought home on a stretcher. The limb was successfully set, and the little girl is doing well.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the OBSERVER offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should a newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the OBSERVER not stamped, he should be promptly reported at this office.

Cumberland Should have a New Jail.

A resolution was introduced at the Commissioners' meeting Monday, advocating the erection of a suitable jail for Cumberland county. This resolution should be acted on as soon as possible, as the present jail is a disgrace to civilization. But aside from that it would be economy, as prisoners are constantly breaking out, necessitating searches, rewards, etc.

St. James Square Entertainment.

The lawn party given under the auspices of the Cumberland County Monument Association—Miss Alice Campbell, Mrs. D. H. Ray and Mrs. Croswell committee—at the green surrounding the old court house on Rowan Street, was the second of the pleasant "functions" held since the organization of the Association, and, if possible, surpassed the delightful one in July at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Slocomb.

The ladies had given no little time, and exercised faultless taste in the lighting and decoration of the campus, and in the embellishment of the refreshment tables—efforts which met with hearty appreciation, as was evidenced by these large crowd of delighted visitors, who were served with cream, cake, etc., by these lovely girls, all charmingly attired, and most of them arrayed in Japanese costumes: Misses Kate Broadfoot, Elizabeth Hinsdale, Kate Underwood, Lucie Young, Fannie Ledbetter, Fannie Willis, Lucie Redd, Bessie McNeill, Fannie Williams, Janie McKethan, Lillie Slocomb, Katie Hawley, Mabel Elliott, Mary Alexander, Lottie O'Daniel, Sallie Moody, Florence Vass, Lena Calais, Lena Pemberton, Roxy Dodd, Estha Novitzky.

Cutting the cake—full of jewels, and more precious than the "pie of four-and-twenty blackbirds"—and the souvenir crockery, created much interest, and greatly enhanced the pleasures of the evening.

The financial success of the entertainment was very gratifying, while the many expressions of praise for the committee could not fail to console them for this "labor of love" on their part.

The Orphans.

The OBSERVER had the pleasure of a call from Mr. N. M. Lawrence, Superintendent of the Oxford Orphan Asylum, who was here last week with the Orphanage Choir which gave a concert in Williams Hall. We learned from Mr. Lawrence that two hundred children, 103 girls and 97 boys, are now being cared for.

Since the establishment of the orphanage in 1872, fourteen hundred and eighty-two have been enrolled. They are required to labor as well as study; for thirty-five acres of new land were cleared in March and April by the large boys, with their labor alone, excepting the grubbing; and on this land is a fine crop of corn.

The concert at Williams Hall was attended by a very large audience; and, although the young people were deprived of the opportunity of appearing at their best by want of a piano, their efforts were received with applause.

Mr. Lawrence was introduced in a few remarks by Mr. J. H. Myrover, and after the Superintendent's brief but entertaining speech, a collection was taken up, amounting to about $35.00.

The pianist who accompanied them was Miss Finlaytor, daughter of the late John Finlaytor, and an attractive young lady who has been at Oxford for some years.

Fireman's Convention.

The Fayetteville Fire Company's crack Team, left Tuesday for Newbern. The boys have trained faithfully, and deserve the prayers of the community for their success to-day. They were accompanied by Chief McNeill, Mayor Cook, Maj. A. A. McKethan and Hon. Jno. G. Shaw. The following compose the team:

Messrs. Geo. Brandt, John MacRae, Walter MacRae, Chas. Elliott, Clarence Vann, W. M. McKethan, D. G. McKethan, Dave Jones, E. Wicker, Doug Hall, Sandy McGeachy, R. H. McDuffie, James McNeill, Jr., Herbert McDonald, Eugene Watson, R. H. Dye, H. H. Preston, James MacRae, B. Hawkins, Willie Haigh, P. B. Tomlinson, Carl Ledbetter.

The Convention was opened Tuesday by the President, Capt. J. D. McNeill, and the address of welcome was responded to by Hon. J. G. Shaw. All the principal Fire Companies of the State are represented.

Fine Mineral Water.

Mr. John F. Clark, of Manchester, sends us samples of a mineral water lately discovered on his place. It is very cold when taken from the spring, and analysis shows it to be composed of Potassium Chloride, Magnesium Chloride, Sodium Chloride and Oxide of Iron.

The neighborhood is beautiful and healthy, as our people know—similar to the Southern Pines country—and it is expected that a hotel will be built there by Spring. Meanwhile, good board can be had near by.

Death of W. J. Buckingham.

Mr. W. J. Buckingham, died at his residence in Campbellton early Tuesday morning. He had been suffering long and patiently with consumption, and had become resigned to his fate. The funeral took place from the Campbellton Methodist church yesterday evening. He was a young man, about 25 years old, and leaves a widow and numerous relatives and friends, to all of whom we extend our sincere sympathy.

An Old Offender.

Carlton Watson was bound over to the Superior Court by a magistrate last Thursday for breaking into and stealing goods from J. M. Goddard's store on Hay Street. A lot of the stolen property was found in his house and identified. He is an old offender, having served two years in the penitentiary Officer Benton deserves great credit for discovering the criminal.

No Abler Anywhere.

Says the Raleigh correspondent of the Wilmington Messenger: "Speaking of able dentists, it is said by people who ought to know that three of the ablest in the entire country are in North Carolina, these being the Messrs. Hunter, of Salem and Fayetteville." The Mr. Hunter, of Salem, is of no kin to our Messrs. Hunter.

An Error in Name.

In the obituary article concerning the late Sheriff Hardie last week, the OBSERVER reporter was drawn into an error through his knowledge of family names. Mrs. Hardie is the granddaughter of Peter Strong, of Lebanon, Conn., cousin of William Bela Strong. Her grandmother's second husband was a Shackelford.

County Commissioners' Meeting

The regular monthly meeting of the County Commissioners was held Monday. Present: J. M. Lamb, chairman; J. Hector Smith and J. T. Sinclair.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

The following named persons having failed to list their taxables as required, are for good and sufficient reasons allowed to list their property in accordance with the law, to-wit: Chas. Odam, Henry Jones, J. M. Bruton and J. H. Briggs.

The application of A. G. Tolar to be relieved of public road duty was referred to the Supervisors of his Township.

On application, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Board, that D. J. Smith, of Gray's Creek Township is physically unable to do hard manual labor, he was exempted from poll tax.

The office of Township Constable of Flea Hill Township having been declared vacant, J. D. Autry was appointed and allowed to qualify as Constable for Flea Hill Township till next general election. Bond of J. D. Autry filed, accepted and ordered recorded.

The application of Giles Ham for aid from the county was not allowed.

Upon application properly sustained, F. S. Maultsby & Co., were allowed to remove their place of retailing spiritous and vinous liquors from their present place of business (in the Brick Row above A. C. L. depot) to the building on north side of Person street known as No. 47.

On motion, J. M. Lamb, Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, was granted authority to act in all school matters that may be brought before him, and to fill any and all vacancies where parties heretofore appointed as school committeemen have failed to qualify.

On motion, the C. F. & Y. V. R'y Co. are to be notified to remove their track from the county lot in rear of the new court house.

On motion, that the Board of County Commissioners pass the following resolution, viz:

Resolved, That the building of a jail is a necessary expense.

This motion was continued.

Moore People Than Ball.

Since 1893 Mr. Geo. A. Burns has educated the sporting part of this community (our "better half") up to an appreciation of only a very high grade of base ball; average work on the "diamond" is received with stolid indifference, while a poor exhibition is met with no little contempt.

Consequently, the game between the girl team from abroad and a nine of Fayetteville boys, called at 4:30 o'clock Tuesday evening, created no enthusiasm from the start, dragged heavily as it progressed and drove the wearied crowd off by scores before it was finished. In brief, the visitors couldn't or didn't play ball; most of them, at the bat, struck just as the typical woman throws at a hen, and "muffed" badly on the field. Then they brought only seven instead of nine members in the team, the number being supplemented by two volunteers from outsiders. Our nine, if they had chosen to make the effort, could easily have left them with an 0. As it was, the umpire called the game, to the general relief of the bystanders, at about 6 o'clock, and we believe it was pronounced a "draw."

The reporter advises these "Champions of the World" to retire from the arena, as they will never find a "new world to conquer" in the same place, and they will never coax a second quarter out of the same vest pocket. There was a large crowd, entirely male, in attendance, and and the deportment on the grounds was orderly, the players in short skirts carrying themselves in a seemly and modest manner. The following were the players: Rose Mitchell, Bertha Gordon, Lizzie Sheldon, Mabel Cleveland, Kitty Howard, Minnie Fuller, Loraine Whitney, Tom Monaghan, Oleander Goddard. Home team, Frank Slocomb, James Rush, Jno. Rooinson, Corney Blue, J. G. Hollingsworth, Neill McRae, John M. Clark, John Gorham, Wm. Newberry.

Miss Mallett's School.

See the advertisement of Miss Mallett's fine school, elsewhere.

Miss Mallett's school stands in the very forefront of our educational institutions Since it was moved into the new building, which Miss Mallett has had erected on Rowan street, it has greatly increased in patronage—the character of which has always been of the best. Improvements have been made in the building during the vacation. A new feature will be free hand drawing; while instruction in calisthenics and vocal music will be free. We learn that the patronage will probably be even larger the coming session than heretofore.

Governor's Appointments.

Gov. Carr has appointed Col. W. J. Green a delegate to the Southern Immigration Parliament, and Capt. S. C. Rankin a delegate to the National Prison Association.

Col. Drewry.

We are glad to see Col. Drewry in town again. Col. Drewry's Military Academy will open early in September, and we learn that his prospects for a fine opening are flattering.

People and their Movements.

Miss Emma Gaster is visiting friends in Littleton.

General manager J. W. Fry was in the city Tuesday.

Master James Croswell is visiting friends in Richmond.

Mr. N. S. Wade, of Wade's Station, was in the city last week.

Miss Ida Purcell, of Percepolis, is visiting Miss Ella Spencer.

Mrs. David Jones is spending a month at White Sulphur Springs.

Miss Laura Kyle left Tuesday for a visit to the mountains of Virginia.

Mrs. J. B. Starr and Mr. Joe Starr are visiting relatives in Wilmington.

Mrs. A. J. McKelway and children are spending some time at Ocean View.

Miss Annie McIntyre is visiting Miss Katie D. McKethan, on Person street.

Miss Lillie Slocomb has returned from a visit to Miss Eunice Beach at Concord.

Mr. D. S. McRae has charge of the Postal Telegraph Office during Mr. Boyd's absence.

Mr. Gold, Editor and Publisher of Zion's Landmark, Wilson, N. C., was in the city Tuesday.

We are glad to learn that Mr Owen Page, who has been quite sick, is able to be about.

Miss Kate Bryan, of Newbern, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Jno. B. Broadfoot, on Haymount.

Miss Marceline Broadfoot has returned home after a pleasant visit to friends in Goldsboro.

Miss Lottie O'Daniel goes to Jonesboro on Saturday to accept a position as teacher in Prof. Sledd's High School.

Dr. and Mrs. W. C. McDuffie and Mrs Bunting, returned yesterday from Cleveland Springs. Mrs. McDuffie, we are glad to learn, has been greatly benefited by her trip.

Messrs. B. C. Gorham, W. D. Gaster and J. R. Williams left Tuesday for Charlotte to attend the Grand Lodge Encampment of Odd Fellows. Mr. Gorham is Inner Guard of the Grand Lodge.

Mr. Jas. D. Malloy, of Cooper, Mr. Wiley Malloy's father, is visiting his son, Mr. J. A. Malloy, in Bracksboro, Ga. If favorably impressed with that country Mr. Malloy may locate there.

Mr. W. D. McNeill is at home again, after nearly a year's absence in South Carolina, where he was engaged in building cotton mills, having recently finished a large mill at Bath.

Mr. Joseph Evans, of Phœnix, Arizona, is visiting his mother, Mrs. James Evans, on Haymount. Mr. Evans has accumulated considerable wealth since he moved out West, and is now one of the leading citizens of his adopted State. He has helped along several Fayetteville boys who have gone out West.

LADIES' MONUMENT ASSOCIATION.

Woman's Edition of the Observer.

[For the Observer.]

A special meeting of the Ladies' Monument Association, was held in the Hotel LaFayette parlor, Aug 5, 1895. The President in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. The report from the August committee was read. The entertainment they provided was a lawn party, the net proceeds of which amounted to $38.90.

Mrs. Broadfoot then stated that the object of the called meeting was to discuss the advisability of editing a "Woman's Edition" of the Fayetteville OBSERVER. With this object in view, she had called on Mr. Hale, and found him (as he always is) most courteous in his expressions regarding the ladies; he very generously offered to turn his office over to the Monument Association for one week, and to help the ladies in any way. After much discussion, it was decided that only natives of Cumberland county should be asked to contribute articles to the paper.

The following staff was then elected:

Editor in Chief—Mrs. J. B. Broadfoot.
Assistants—Mrs. T. D. Haigh, Mrs. N. A. Sinclair, Mrs. J. H. Currie, Mrs. W. B. Draughon, Mrs. J. B. Worth.
Business Manager—Miss Della Matthews.
Assistants—Miss Maggie Mallett, Mrs. B. C. Gorham, Mrs. A. S. Huske, Mrs. J. B. Smith.
Advertising Solicitors—Mrs. A. H. Slocomb, Mrs. N. W. Ray, Mrs. T. M. Hunter, Miss Alice Campbell, Miss Caro Smith.

There being no further business before it, the meeting adjourned until the 2nd Monday in September.

M. F. HUSKE, Sect'y.

Women's Mission Union.

The Women's Mission Union of Fayetteville Presbytery will hold its Annual Meeting in the Presbyterian Church in Lumberton, Robeson County, on Friday, Aug. 30th, 1895.

There will be a public Lecture on Thursday evening on some phase of woman's work in Missions, by Rev. H. G. Hill, D. D., and also on Friday evening by Rev. J. Stedman Black.

The opening exercises on Friday morning at 9 A. M. will be conducted by the Pastor, Rev. D. W. Fox and will be public. His welcome to the delegates will be responded to in behalf of the ladies by J. A. McAllister, Esq., after which the meeting will be strictly for ladies. A large attendance is earnestly hoped for, as the Lumberton ladies will entertain most graciously, and will have a committee to meet all the trains.

MRS. E. A. MACRAE, Pres't.

Buckien's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Son, Fayetteville, N. C.

Nervous debility is a common complaint, especially among women. The best medical treatment for this disorder is a persistent course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla to cleanse and invigorate the blood. This being accomplished, nature will do the rest.

Over Thirty Years Without Sickness.

Mr. H. WETTSTEIN, a well-known, enterprising citizen of Byron, Ill., writes: "Before I paid much attention to regulating the bowels, I hardly knew a well day; but since I learned the evil results of constipation, and the efficacy of

AYER'S

Pills, I have not had one day's sickness for over thirty years — not one attack that did not readily yield to this remedy. My wife had been, previous to our marriage, an invalid for years. She had a prejudice against cathartics, but as soon as she began to use Ayer's Pills her health was restored."

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

To Restore Strength, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

DIED.

JACKSON—At Orange, Sampson County, on Sunday, August 4th, after a lingering illness, Mrs. ELLEN JACKSON, aged about 45 years.

INGOLD—At Manor, Texas, August 1st, 1895, CHARLES WHITFIELD, infant son of C. L. and S. S. Ingold, aged 5 months and 14 days.

From us our darling one has gone to live among the angels, while mother and father on earth are sad, he is smiling now in heaven.

L.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

The Master having cut down, by the leveling scythe of time, our brother ROBERT W. HARDIE, who was raised to the sublime degree of a Master Mason on February 16th, 1866, and died in Fayetteville on July 27th, 1895, aged 78 years and 10 days, after a life of great usefulness and honor, the members of Phœnix Lodge, No. 8, A. F. & A. M., do resolve:

That in the death of Brother Hardie a great loss has been sustained by the people of the entire county, whom for a period of more than thirty years he faithfully served as a public official, and by the Masons of the whole State, to whom, by means of the trowel of love and zeal, he was cemented in all things tending to the upbuilding and sustaining of the tenets and honor of the order, so that his own Masonic life was one of strength and beauty.

"In youth he industriously occupied his mind in the attainment of useful knowledge, which in manhood he applied in the discharge of his public and private duties to the welfare of his friends and family, so that in age he enjoyed the esteem of all and the happy reflections upon a well-spent life."

Ever watchful in his words and actions, remembering those truly Masonic virtues, silence and circumspection; he was brave, gentle, true, noble in instinct and in action, an affectionate husband and parent, a loyal friend, always helpful to the poor, the afflicted and the oppressed, and one of whom his numerous friends will cherish fond recollections. "Thus wastes man! To-day he puts forth the tender leaves of hope; to-morrow blossoms, and bears his blushing honors thick upon him; the next day comes a frost which nips the shoot;" but "the All-Seeing Eye pervades the inmost recesses of the human heart and will reward according to his merits."

To the bereaved family our heartfelt sympathy is extended.

That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the Lodge, sent to the family of the deceased and published in the papers of the city.

JAS. C. MACRAE,
B. E. SEDBERRY,
H. MCD. ROBINSON,
Committee.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

"Canst thou minister to a mind diseased?" asks Macbeth. "Certainly, my lord; the condition of the mind depends largely, if not solely, on the condition of the stomach, liver, and bowels, for all of which complaints Ayer's Pills are the sovereignest thing on earth."

Editor "Religious Opinion," Baltimore, Md., writes: We take pleasure in saying that your Japanese Pile Cure has been used in our family with good results, and we will do all in our power to promote your interests by highly recommending your medicine to our friends and readers. For sale by King Bros., Fayetteville, N. C.

Are you taking SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR, the "KING OF LIVER MEDICINES?" That is what our readers want, and nothing but that. It is the same old friend to which the old folks pinned their faith and were never disappointed. But another good recommendation for it is, that it is BETTER THAN PILLS, never gripes, never weakens, but works in such an easy and natural way, just like nature itself, that relief comes quick and sure, and one feels new all over. It never fails. Everybody needs take a liver remedy, and everyone should take only Simmons Liver Regulator.

Be sure you get it. The Red Z is on the wrapper. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia.

Jones Seminary
FOR YOUNG LADIES.

Beautiful location. Mineral Springs. Unequalled healthfulness. Commodious, well furnished buildings, with open fireplaces. Thorough instruction by the very best teachers. Refined home life. Practical training in domestic affairs. Entire cost of boarding and tuition, including Latin, $8.00 per month. Music and Art only $3.00 per month extra for each.

For Catalogue, address the Principal.
Rev. C. A. HAMPTON,
8-8-95 4t All Healing, N. C.

Ridgeway High School,
For Boys and Girls.

The Fall Term of 1895, commences AUGUST 28th and continues twenty weeks.

TOTAL EXPENSES:
Tuition $15.00, $20.00 and $25.00.
Board (including washing, lights and fuel) $48.00.
Music (with use of instrument) $15.00.
Catalogues furnished upon application.
JOHN GRAHAM, Principal
7-25-95 4t Ridgeway, N. C.

JACKSON SPRINGS.

It is folly to suffer with
INDIGESTION,
DYSPEPSIA,
CHRONIC DIARRHŒA,
GENERAL DEBILITY,
OR WITH KIDNEY, BLADDER OR FEMALE TROUBLES

when you can be speedily and permanently cured by drinking Jackson Springs Water, either at the Springs or from bottles shipped to you.

It has cured others, it can cure you if you will give it a reasonable trial. The hotel is now open for guests, and the water is being shipped in half gallon bottles, one dozen to the crate. For circulars or further information, apply to

JOHN W. THOMPSON, Prop.

Or DR JAS. E. BROOKS, Manager, West End, Moore County, N C. 6-27-95 2m

HEAD EASY. ASK YOUR Druggist for It. "The Greatest Remedy on Earth" FOR **HEADACHE** AND **NEURALGIA.**

JOHN P. STEDMAN, Manufacturer, Oxford, N. C.

TO YOUNG WIVES

WE OFFER A REMEDY WHICH INSURES SAFETY TO LIFE OF MOTHER AND CHILD.

"Mothers' Friend"

ROBS CONFINEMENT OF ITS PAIN, HORROR AND RISK.

"My wife used only two bottles. She was easily and quickly relieved; is now doing splendidly.—
J. S. MORTON, Harlow, N. C.

Sent by express or mail, on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle. Book "TO MOTHERS" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

SCHOOL! SCHOOL!

Miss Alice H. Mallett's School for Boys and Girls

will open in the new school building on Rowan street on

Monday, Sept. 2nd, 1895.

CALISTHENICS, CLASS-SINGING,
without extra charge.
For terms apply to
Miss MALLETT, Rowan St.,
8-8-95 4t Fayetteville, N. C.

J. O'Daniel's Grocery,
NEXT DOOR TO LITTLE MIKE.

SAMPSON COUNTY BACON, FLOUR, SUGAR, COFFEE, TOBACCO, &c.

Market prices paid for country produce.

Most People Can See a Good Thing

WITHOUT USING A SPY-GLASS AND SATISFACTION RESULTS.

To build up a wide demand on a specially good

Tea at 50c. per pound,

we give three pounds of granulated sugar with every pound of

TEA.

We request your trying this

Tea on its Merits.

STANDARD GOODS

OF VARIOUS KINDS IN STOCK AND CONSTANTLY ARRIVING.

A. S. HUSKE, Ag't.

Farm for Sale.

A farm in one of the middle counties of North Carolina, in half a mile of railroad and near a delightful town. Good dwelling and outhouses, including good spring house. Good chance for party desiring to go into the dairy business. About 200 acres, including woodland. Land suitable for tobacco and all kinds of grain. Will be sold on easy terms for $1,500, or $1,200 cash.

Apply to FLORIDA,
8-1-95 tf care Observer office.

Salem Female Academy.

The 94th Annual Session begins September 5th, 1895. Register for last year shows more than 500 persons under instruction during the year. Special features:—the development of Health, Character and Intellect. Buildings thoroughly remodelled. Fully equipped Preparatory, Collegiate and Post Graduate Departments, besides first-class schools in Music, Art, Languages, Commercial and Industrial Studies.

J. H. CLEWELL, Principal,
8-1-95 4t Salem, N. C.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL
FOR GIRLS,
RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.

THE ADVENT TERM OF THE FIFTY-FOURTH SCHOOL YEAR WILL BEGIN SEPTEMBER 19, 1895.

Special attention paid to Physical Culture and Hygiene.

Address the Rector,
7-4-95 3m REV. B. SMEDES, A. M.

PRESBYTERIAN HIGH SCHOOL
—OF—
North Carolina for Boys and Young Men.

(In buildings formerly occupied by Bingham School.)

The most healthful section of State.

Moral and Christian training and influences unsurpassed.

Thorough Instruction.

Terms moderate. Address
Rev. H. C. KEGLEY, Principal,
7-4-95 2m Mebane, N. C.

University of North Carolina

COMPRISES THE UNIVERSITY,
THE COLLEGE,
THE LAW AND MEDICAL SCHOOLS,
AND THE SUMMER SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS

Tuition $60.

35 Teachers, 471 Students.

Address PRESIDENT WINSTON, Chapel Hill, N. C., for Catalogue and handbook on "University Education."

FOR RENT.

The Store on Corner,

below Mike Folb's. Possession given August 1st. Apply to
McMILLAN BROS.

FOR RENT.

The Store, adjoining the Hotel LaFayette, recently occupied by Rose & Leak.

For terms, apply to
H. W. LILLY
5-23-95—tf

Land and Immigration Agency.

I am now corresponding with reliable and responsible parties who desire to establish and operate in the South

POULTRY FARMS, VINEYARDS, FRUIT AND TRUCK FARMS AND CREAMERIES.

OTHERS WHO WANT TO BUY

TIMBER LANDS, FACTORY SITES, &c.

Will be pleased to hear from any one who may have special inducements to offer to secure any or all of these people, since they are the classes of immigrants we need. Address
NEWTON H. SMITH, Manager,
7-25-95 Fayetteville, N. C.

Grand Military Excursion from Fayetteville to Wilmington and Ocean View,
FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1895.

The Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry will celebrate its One Hundred and Second Anniversary at Ocean View. They expect a large attendance of Veterans and Ladies.

A Fine Band will go with us.

The managers will do all in their power to make everybody have a pleasant day.

Good order will be maintained, and the ladies carefully looked after.

A Refreshment Car, a Baggage Car and a Reserved Coach will be in the train. Reserved seats 25 cents extra.

Tickets will be on sale at the office of the Agent at all Stations below Fayetteville and can be had from any of the Committee.

SCHEDULE AND FARE:

		Wilmington.	Ocean View.
Fayetteville,	7:00 A. M.	$1.00	$1.25
Stedman,	7:25 "	1.00	1.25
Autryville,	7:32 "	1.00	1.25
Roseboro,	7:52 "	1.00	1.25
Parkersburg,	8:05 "	90	1.15
Garland,	8:18 "	90	1.15
Ivanhoe,	8:54 "	75	1.00

Return Train leaves Ocean View 6:30 P. M.; Wilmington 7:30 P. M.

J. C. VANN, MARSDEN HAIGH,
E. L. PEMBERTON, B. R. HUSKE,
W. C. McDUFFIE, Managers.

"AT ACTUAL COST."

FOR THE NEXT TWO WEEKS

I will offer my entire stock

—OF—

FINE CLOTHING

—AND—

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

AT COST,

as I need the room for incoming Fall Stock.

H. R. NOVITZKY,
The Fayetteville Clothier.

EDUCATIONAL. | EDUCATIONAL.

MRS. MORROW'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
HAYMOUNT.

Fall Term begins September 3rd, 1895.

PRIMARY, PREPARATORY AND ACADEMIC DEPARTMENTS.

This school offers special advantages in Music, Art, Languages and Social Culture. Board and tuition at moderate terms.

For circulars address MRS. FANNIE MORROW,
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SWAIN HIGH SCHOOL,
STEDMAN, N. C.

Located on C. F. & Y. V., at Stedman, N. C.; Good Location; Healthy Surroundings; Morals Good; Religious Advantages Excellent; School Non-Sectarian; Prepares for College, Business Life or Teaching; Both Sexes; Charges $1.00 to $2.50; Board $5.00 to $6.00; First-class advantages at lowest rate; School opens August 12th and continues ten months. Apply for particulars to D. W. CARTER, (University of N. C.), Principal.
7-25-95 4t Stedman, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE MILITARY ACADEMY,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

The LAFAYETTE MILITARY ACADEMY having been reorganized and thoroughly equipped, will reopen

SEPTEMBER 4th, 1895.

—The school under its *new* management will be known as the—

Fayetteville Military Academy.

Every possible facility will be utilized for the training and instruction of boys and young men in all the branches usually taught in a high grade school, including Military Tactics and a BUSINESS COURSE. Certificate admits to various Colleges and Universities. Absolutely healthful location and genuine home, with refined surroundings. Careful attention to morals and manners.

The Principal, for eight (8) years co-Principal of Horner School, Oxford, and a teacher of long experience, will be assisted by a corps of well qualified teachers holding full diplomas from the leading Institutions of the country. The Principal and Instructors live in same building with the Cadets—ready at all times to assist them in every possible way. Parents will find here a *maximum advantage at a minimum cost*. Those who intend entering the next session, will please notify us as early as practical. For prospectus or any further information apply to

COL. T. J. DREWRY, C. E., Principal.
or W. S. DREWRY, Ph. B. M. A.,
'Till August 1st, Boykins, Va. Associate Principal.

OAK RIDGE INSTITUTE.

"STANDS IN THE FOREFRONT OF SOUTHERN FITTING SCHOOLS": Prepares for College, for Business, for Life; 340 Students and 53 Graduates in all departments last year; Nearly $40,000 in Buildings and Equipments; Location unsurpassed for beauty and healthfulness; nearly 1,000 feet above sea level, in full view of the Blue Ridge; "Maximum of advantage with minimum of cost", our motto. Write for catalogue.

J. A. & M. H. HOLT,
7-4-95 6t OAK RIDGE, N. C.

Wilson Military Academy.

In consequence of the removal of the LaFayette Military Academy from Fayetteville to Wilson, the name of this very popular institution of learning will hereafter be known as "WILSON MILITARY ACADEMY."

The Fall Term begins Wednesday, Sept. 4, 1895.

With greater facilities, better accommodations and equipments, and if possible brighter prospects, the school enters upon its third year with every indication of a much larger patronage and more general usefulness.

The most thorough instruction is given in literary and commercial branches; and moral culture and physical training receive due attention.

The third "Annual Announcement," containing full particulars, will be mailed to any one upon application. Address

Major J. W. YEREX.
6-20-95 4m WILSON, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA
College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS COLLEGE WILL BEGIN

SEPTEMBER 5th.

EXAMINATIONS AT COUNTY SEATS FIRST SATURDAY IN AUGUST.

Young men desiring a technical education at an unusually low cost will do well to apply for catalogue to
A. Q. HOLLADAY, Pres.,
7-18-95 Raleigh, N. C.

PEACE INSTITUTE,
FOR YOUNG LADIES.

Unsurpassed in Thoroughness, Location, Equipment, Faculty, Furniture and Fare.

No superior work done anywhere North or South.

Opens SEPTEMBER 11, 1895

Send for catalogue.

JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A., (Univ. Va.)
7-20-95 3m Raleigh, N. C.

1837 DAVIDSON COLLEGE 1895
DAVIDSON, N. C.

Next Term begins Sept. 12th

Ample Laboratories, Apparatus, Cabinets, Libraries, Reading Rooms, Gymnasium, Ball Grounds, Tennis Courts, &c.

CLASSICAL,
MATHEMATICAL,
LITERARY,
SCIENTIFIC,
BIBLICAL,
COMMERCIAL

Send for a catalogue.

J. B. SHEARER,
7-4-95 6t PRESIDENT.

MERCURIAL POISON

Is the result of the usual treatment of blood disorders. The system is filled with Mercury and Potash remedies—more to be dreaded than the disease—and in a short while is in a far worse condition than before. The most common result is

RHEUMATISM

for which S. S. S. is the most reliable cure. A few bottles will afford relief, where all else has failed.

I suffered from a severe attack of Mercurial Rheumatism, my arms and legs being swollen to more than twice their natural size, causing the most excruciating pains. I spent hundreds of dollars without relief, but after taking a few bottles of S.S.S. I improved rapidly, and am now a well man, completely cured. I can heartily recommend your wonderful medicine to anyone afflicted with this painful disease.

W. F. DALEY, Brooklyn Elevated R. R.

Our Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

D. R. HUFFINES,

—AGENT AND BOTTLER OF THE—

Robert Portner Brewery Comapny's

CELEBRATED LAGER BEER

IN KEGS, EXPORT OR PATENT BOTTLES.

WHOLESALE EXCLUSIVELY.

ALL ORDERS HAVE MY PROMPT ATTENTION.

Beer kept at Ice Cold Temperature all the time.

Look Quick!

Come Look!

AT MY WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

FURNITURE,

—SUCH AS—

Oak Suits, Walnut Suits,
Bureaus, Bedsteads,
Washstands, Chairs,
Tables, Cribs,
Hall Racks, Wardrobes,
Lounges, Bed Springs,
&c. &c.

HOME-MADE MATRESSES

A SPECIALTY.

Respectfully,

J. H. ROBINSON, JR.

THE

Fayetteville Ice Factory

IS NOW IN FIRST-CLASS REPAIR

And Running on Full Time.

Give us Your Patronage.

WE WILL APPRECIATE IT AND ENDEAVOR TO SERVE YOU TO YOUR SATISFACTION.

JOHNSON & WEMYSS,

LESSEES.

5-16-95 3m

Mexican Mustang Liniment

for

Burns,
Caked & Inflamed Udders.
Piles,
Rheumatic Pains,
Bruises and Strains.
Running Sores,
Inflammations,
Stiff Joints,
Harness & Saddle Sores,
Sciatica,
Lumbago,
Scalds,
Blisters,
Insect Bites,
All Cattle Ailments,
All Horse Ailments,
All Sheep Ailments,

Penetrates Muscle, Membrane and Tissue Quickly to the Very Seat of Pain and Ousts it in a Jiffy. Rub in Vigorously.

Mustang Liniment conquers Pain. Makes Man or Beast well again.

Pelham i. the Cabinet; a Study in Harmony.

New York Sun

The Hon. Hocus Smith, riding along Pennsylvania avenue on his superb black and tan Andalusian charger, was wont to be regarded as the finest bit of bric a-brac in Mr. Cleveland's Administration, but it seems clear that he is outclassed in general aestheticism of demeanor, if not in particular pulchritude, by the latest member of the flock, the Hon. Judson Harmon of Cincinnati. A thoroughly sympathetic study of Mr. Harmon's amenities and graces was published as a syndicate article in a number of new-papers last Sunday. It reveals the Attorney General, already known to the country as a pie eater of the correct school, as an adept in many other elegancies of life and manners. By a happy comparison the writer sets him beside the faultless Mr. Pelham.

"Elegant," he writes, "is the word deemed by Bulwer most applicable to his Pelham. Elegant is the word most applicable to Judson Harmon. He is elegant, with an elegance surpassing all elegance. He is as clean and sweet and well groomed as a load of hay. But there is not about him that evidence of attention to detail which heralds the dandy. Judson Harmon is too elegant a gentleman to be a dandy."

With an evident mastery of agricultural metaphor our author—can he be Secretary Morton?—goes on to describe what he vividly calls the "objective get-up" of his hero:

"He bends his graceful head forward when he speaks. He keeps his graceful hands always in view. He moves his graceful physique in every imaginable graceful way. The goddess Minerva has been termed by a man who knew (his name was Homer) "ox-eyed." The grace of Judson Harmon is the grace of the ox. It is a weighty grace, not lumbering. He is deliberate, not thick; self-possessed, not stolid. To all he is sweetly deferential."

There seems to be a slight confusion in the author's mind between Juno and Minerva, but what do the two of them amount to when Apollo is about? We have never associated grace with the ox, but we shall henceforth associate both the ox and grace with the Pelham of the Cabinet.

Mr. Harmon's clothes are "supremely elegant," his linen is "ever faultlessly immaculate," his scarf and waistcoats "are original in their purity," he usually wears black, and "not a fleck of dust, never a trace of crease mars the perfect lines of his coat." Besides being as graceful as an ox, he is "as restful to look upon as a lawn studded with browsing deer." His manners are "more than Chesterfieldian," and his conversation is "more than fascinating." In short, a paragon. As our author puts it, Mr. Harmon is "master of all the elegancies of existence. He has a valet. He reads French novels. His nails are manicured to perfection, and he puts on two shirts every day of his life." This is at least one shirt more a day than one of his predecessors ever deigned to don.

When the Hon. Judson Harmon has gilded his refined gold with even ever so light a coat of that consecration to which his elegance must be exposed, what more glorious results may we not expect. Still, we tremble as to the effect of the valet and the manicure upon the Populists of Bibb county, Georgia.

Fusion Forecast.

Raleigh Correspondent Wilmington Messenger.

It is a long time until the next election, but nevertheless the Republicans and Populists have practically arranged their affairs, that is, the basis of fusion of those parties in 1896. This news comes straight. Of course there is a division of the offices. W. A. Guthrie, Populist, is to be the nominee for Governor, and Jeter Pritchard, Republican, is to be re-elected to the Senate. These are the keynotes. There is to be an equal division of all the other State offices and also of the electoral ticket. As to the latter the Populists will take six or five as may be decided. Here is the band which the Democrats will have to beat. Two Supreme court judges are also to be elected. Montgomery will be renominated, and a Republican, most probably D. L. Russell, will be nominated to succeed A. C. Avery.

Dr. Mott has had an interview with Guthrie and is said to have left satisfied. Whether he is to get the collectorship of the Western district or whether his son, Marshall Mott, is to be nominated for Attorney General, or whether some other bonus is promised him, is not yet definitely known. H. L. Grant, of Goldsboro, is to be made Secretary of the United State Senate.

If there were to be a decision now as to the exact personnel of the complete ticket there would be a scramble, and this both the Republicans and the Populists want to avoid, so that matter will be kept in the background until next summer. Meanwhile the men who are to be put on will be quietly selected. There will be, it is positively asserted, two conventions, one of each party, just as was the case last year. The silver question will cut quite a figure and the belief is that the Republican convention will straddle it in an adroit way.

It is declared that the mass of the people in this State have for two years past been for silver. Persons who travel in the country say the farmers are all that way. A prominent Populist editor says he never saw the people so independent in view as they are now, and he asserts that the mass of them are at present bound very loosely by party ties. Free thought and free speech are the rule, he declares. It is a condition and not a theory, these rural voters think.

Exposition Notes.

The New York Commissioners to the Cotton States and International Exposition have made an arrangement by which the beautiful building to represent New York at the Exposition will be erected on the site of the Piedmont Driving Club, one of Atlanta's most popular organizations. The Driving Club is situated on the highest elevation of Piedmont Park, in the middle of a beautiful grove of oaks. The New York Building will be a beautiful structure of stone, and will cost twelve thousand dollars. By an arrangement with the Driving Club, the building will pass into their hands after the Exposition is over, and become the Club House. The location is the most beautiful on the grounds.

The design for the official Souvenir Medal of the Cotton States and International Exposition was forwarded to Washington last week, where the medals will be minted from the Government coin press. The medals will be made from bronze and will be the exact size of a silver quarter. On the face of the medal will be a bale of cotton, on which is perched, with outstretched wings, a phœnix. Under the bale of cotton are shown the rays of the fire of 1865, with the year 1865 printed. Above are the figures 1895. Around the edges of the medal are printed the words: "Cotton States and International Exposition," and at the lower side of the coin are the words: "Atlanta, Ga., U. S. A., September 18th, December 31, 1895."

On the back of the medal will be a vignette of Henry W. Grady, and around the edges will be, "Official Souvenir Medal."

The medal will be very handsome in design and will be coined by the million.

Duluth is willing to pay $12,000,000 for pure water and plenty of it. A canal is to be built which will furnish pure water not only to Duluth, but the entire northern portion of the State.

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The I. W. Harper whisky should be on every bar.

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Sheet No. 2 consists of front and side elevation views.

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Sheet No. 4 shows various details: sections of porch, door frame, window frame, etc.

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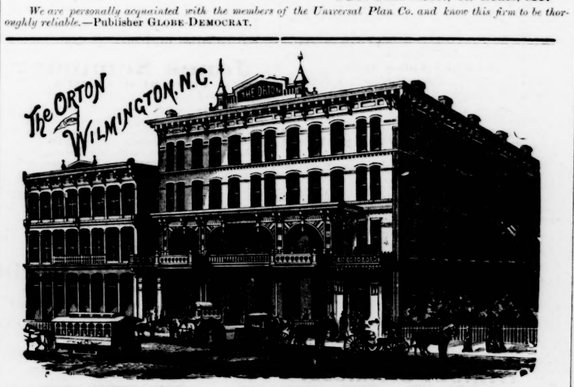

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Having duly qualified as administrator of the estate of A. J. Pemberton, deceased, the undersigned hereby notifies all persons holding claims against said estate to present them to him duly authenticated on or before the 20th day of June, 1896, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate must make immediate settlement. E. L. PEMBERTON, Administrator.

N. A. SINCLAIR, Attorney. June 20, 1895.

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CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect June 23rd, 1895.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2, Daily
Leave Wilmington,	9:05 a. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	12:15 p. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	12:45 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	
Leave Sanford,	2:16 "
Leave Climax,	4:19 "
Arrive Greensboro,	4:50 "
Leave Greensboro,	5:00 "
Leave Stokesdale,	5:55 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	6:25 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	6:30 "
Leave Rural Hall,	6:58 "
Arrive Mt. Airy,	8:25 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1, Daily
Leave Mt. Airy,	7:05 a. m.
Leave Rural Hall,	8:39 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	8:55 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	8:59 "
Leave Stokesdale,	9:28 "
Arrive Greensboro,	10:11 "
Leave Greensboro,	10:20 "
Leave Climax,	10:50 "
Leave Sanford,	12:50 p. m.
Arrive Fayetteville Junction,	
Arrive Fayetteville,	2:15 "
Leave Fayetteville,	2:45 "
Arrive Wilmington,	5:55 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4, Daily
Leave Bennettsville,	8:15 a. m.
Arrive Maxton,	9:20 "
Leave Maxton,	9:29 "
Leave Red Springs,	9:55 "
Leave Hope Mills,	1:35 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	10:55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3, Daily
Leave Fayetteville,	4: 5 p. m.
Leave Hope Mills,	4:54 "
Leave Red Springs,	5:40 "
Arrive Maxton,	6:12 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	7:20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Rameur,	5:50 a. m
Leave Climax,	7:35 "
Arrive Greensboro,	8:20 "
Leave Greensboro,	9:15 "
Leave Stokesdale,	10:50 "
Arrive Madison	11:50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Madison,	12:30 p. m.
Leave Stokesdale,	1:35 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2:40 "
Leave Greensboro,	3:00 "
Leave Climax,	4:20 "
Arrive Ramseur,	6:00 "

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at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest, at Wilmington with the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad for Wrightsville and Ocean View.

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AND FLORENCE RAILROAD

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Jan. 27, 1895	No. 23. Daily.	No. 35. Daily.		No. 41. Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	.....	A. M.
Leave Weldon..	11 53	9 27	.....	.....
Ar. Rocky Mount	12 57	10 20	.....	.....
Leave Tarboro..	12 20	.....	.....	.....
Lv Rocky Mount	1 05	10 20	.....	6 00
Leave Wilson...	2 03	11 03	.....	.....
Leave Selma....	2 53	.....	.....	.....
Lv. Fayetteville	4 31	12 53	.....	.....
Arrive Florence.	7 15	3 00	.....	.....

	No. 47 Daily.			
	P. M.		A. M.	
Leave Wilson...	2 08	.....	6 35	.....
Leave Goldboro.	2 55	.....	7 20	.....
Leave Magnolia.	4 02	.....	8 29	.....
Ar. Wilmington.	5 30	.....	10 00	.....
	P. M.		A. M.	

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

DATED Jan. 27, 1895.	No. 78. Daily.		No. 32. Daily.	No. 40. Daily.
	A. M.	.....	P. M.	
Leave Florence	8 15	.....	7 15	.....
Lv. Fayetteville	10 55	.....	9 19	.....
Leave Selma....	12 33	.....	.....	.....
Arrive Wilson...	1 20	.....	11 15	.....
Leave Tarboro..	2 48	.....	.....	.....

	No. 48 Daily			
	A. M.		P. M.	
Lv Wilmington.	9 20	.....	7 00	.....
Leave Magnolia	10 56	.....	8 31	.....
Leave Goldsboro	12 05	.....	9 40	.....
Arrive Wilson..	1 00	.....	10 27	.....

	No. 78 Daily.		No. 32 Daily	
	P. M.	.....	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson...	1 30	.....	11 20	10 32
Ar Rocky Mount	2 33	.....	12 02	11 15
Arrive Tarboro.	2 48	.....	.....	.....
Lv Rocky Mount	2 33	.....	12 02	.....
Arrive Weldon..	3 48	.....	12 54	.....
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.

†Daily except Monday ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:48 P M, Halifax 4:05 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 4:55 P M. Greenville 6:37 P M., Kinston 7:35 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:20 A M, Greenville 8:22 A M. Arriving Halifax at 10:55 A M. Weldon 11:20 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7:00 A. M., arrives Parmele 8:40 A. M., Tarboro 9:50 A M; returning leaves Tarboro 4:50 P M, Parmele 6:10 P. M., arrives Washington 7:35 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:00 P M. Sunday 3:00 P M; arrives Plymouth 9:00 P M, 5:25 P M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily, except Sunday, 6:00 A M, Sunday 9:30 A M, arrive Tarboro 10:25 A M, and 11:45 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 6:05 A M, arrive Smithfield 7:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 8:00 A. M; arrive Goldsboro 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:05 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8:0 0 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Trains on Latta Branch Florence R R leave Latta 6:40 P M; arrive Dunbar 7:50 P M. Returning leave Dunbar 6:30 A M; arrive Latta 7:50 A M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 4:10 P M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 7:20 A M., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Portsmouth and Bay Line. Also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk daily and all points north via Norfolk daily except Sunday.

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Cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine

THE everlasting push and hustle of the American people has made them especially subject to headache, nervous prostration, neuralgia, sleeplessness, etc. Dr. Miles' Nervine was especially prepared for these cases. It has cured thousands and will cure you.

Mr. Jno. J. Kirk, whose portrait accompanies this, representing the National Starch Man'fg Co., of New York, has been a commercial traveler in Michigan, Indiana and Ohio for fifteen years, and was a severe sufferer. Mr. Kirk's tells how he was cured:

"I have been a sufferer from terrible headaches for years. Of late they became so severe as to recur every eight or ten days, lasting from twenty-four to forty-eight hours and obliging me to go to bed. I went to Hot Springs, Ark., Mt. Clemens, Mich., and other resorts for rest and treatment, spending both time and money without benefit; returning, I would not be on the road a fortnight before the same old brain-splitting headache returned and laid me up. I had known Dr. Miles and the gentlemen composing the Dr. Miles Medical Co. intimately for years, but it did not once occur to me that they were manufacturing a remedy for *me*, until one day a gentleman told me that his headaches were cured by one of Dr. Miles' medicines.

And so it was that I commenced the use of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. I took two and one-half bottles and am happy to say that I have not had a headache since, and that was nearly three months ago, and during this time I have been under great mental strain and worry, though having prolonged sickness and death in my family, which would, ordinarily, have prostrated me, but even under this great nervous strain I have not had the slightest symptom of a return of the terrible headaches that I thought would yet drive me crazy. My gratitude prompts me to write this, as I am anxious that others should use Dr. Miles' Nervine."

Yours for health, JOHN J. KIRK.

Elkhart, Ind., Sept. '94.

It is always so. Headache, neuralgia, loss of strength and appetite can not continue when Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is taken.

This nerve restoring remedy is the result of years of study and practice by Dr. Franklin Miles, the most successful specialist of the day, who, after twelve years at the best medical schools of the country, has devoted over twenty years especially to the treatment of difficult and obscure diseases of the heart and nerves.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health